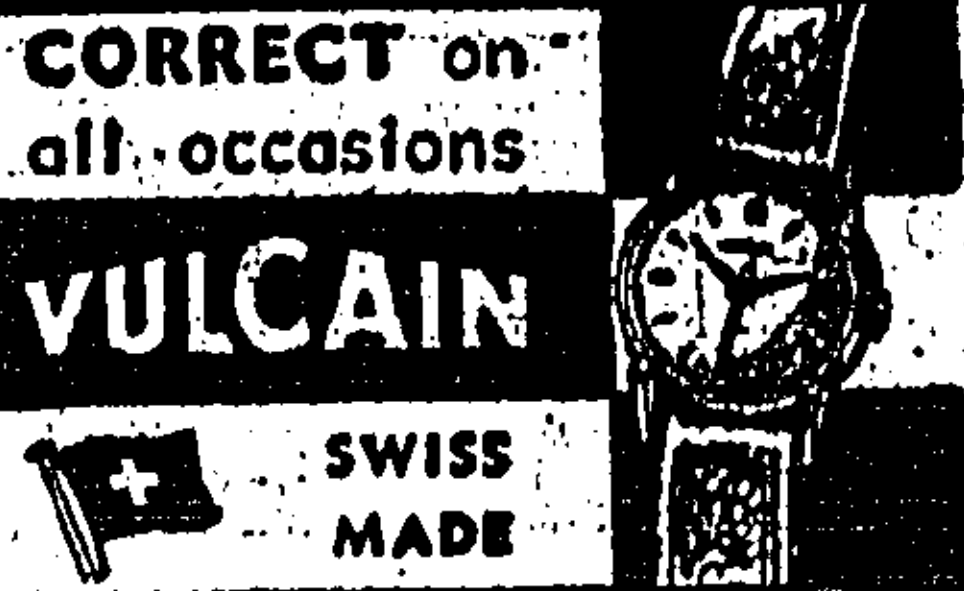




Persia Not To Recognise International Court Ruling

OIL DISPUTE EXPECTED TO GO BEFORE UN

Teheran, July 5.

The Iranian Cabinet and Mixed Oil Commission today flatly rejected the Hague Court decision.

A spokesman said that, in spite of the Court's findings, taking over from the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and implementation of nationalisation would continue according to schedule. A Commission member said the Court's decision was not unexpected but he expressed surprise that it was "so ignominious." He claimed the international body had violated the rights of a small nation and infringed on a sovereign nation's rights.

Newspapermen interrupted a Cabinet-Commission meeting devoted to a review of the recent take-over operations to give first reports of the Court's decision. One Commission member said: "Just what the British wanted. They have granted all the requests of the British."

All members expressed themselves as happy that they had not sent a representative to the Court and had recorded themselves as not recognising the Court's jurisdiction. They indicated that they would await a full report from the Hague before issuing a formal statement.

APPEAL TO UN

London, July 5. Britain will in due course appeal to the Security Council for enforcement of the standstill order on the Persian oil question, given today by the International Court of Justice at The Hague. It is formally refused to be governed by the verdict, it was believed in diplomatic quarters in London today.

Questioned about British policy the Foreign Office spokesman said that no final decision on an appeal to the Security Council would be taken until the Persian Government had formally indicated its attitude to the judgment.

But the statement made today by the Persian Minister at The Hague, Mr. Hussein Navab, that Persia considered the judgment "null and void" was taken by observers as a strong pointer to the stand-point of Tehran. Britain's appeal to the Security Council would be made under Article 84 of the Charter which provides that a member state may appeal to the Council for enforcement of a judgment given by the World Court.

Diplomatic quarters here today recognized that there was also a strong possibility that Persia might at this juncture appeal to the Security Council on the ground that there had been interference in its internal affairs.

A possible Persian appeal to the Council was thought to have been foreshadowed by the issue earlier this week of a statement by the Persian Embassy in London announcing that reference might be made to competent international organizations.

Later, a Persian Embassy spokesman said that these included the Security Council.

COURT RULING

The Hague, July 5. The World Court today upheld the British Government's plea for a "freeze" in the Persian oil question.

Two of the 12 judges who heard the British plea indicated that each party was to avoid action which might prejudice their final ruling on Persia's decision to nationalise the Anglo-Iranian oil installations.

Two of the judges, however, did not agree with the main judgment and added a dissenting opinion. This said: "However justified the interim measures of protection may appear, we are of the opinion that the Court should not have indicated them on grounds of principle."

The two dissenting judges said that they found it difficult to accept the view that the total lack of jurisdiction of the Court was not patent, and that if there was even a remote possibility that the Court might be competent, then it might indicate interim measures.

They therefore reached the provisional conclusion that "if Iran does not accept the jurisdiction of the Court, the Court will be compelled to hold itself without jurisdiction in the case and that, as these circumstances, it is probable of

Delegates To World Court



Captive Jet Pilot Was Well Treated

EXPERIENCES AT HANDS OF REDS

Frankfurt, July 5.

Lieutenant Luther Roland of the United States Air Force, who was released on Wednesday after 25 days in Czech Government custody, said here today that he was treated well by his captors who were "quite friendly" while trying to pry military information from him.

He said the Czechs kept him sitting in an armchair for 34 hours after he landed on June 8 when he lost his bearings on a routine training flight with a Norwegian lieutenant, Bjorn Johansen. Lt. Johansen also was released yesterday and returned to Oslo last night.

Lt. Roland said he was given food, cigarettes and coffee during his first lengthy interrogation. As Lt. Roland told his story to newspapermen, the Czech planes were brought in trucks to the Czech-German border at Waldhaus and handed over to Colonel William Council, deputy commander of the 85th Fighter Wing. Twenty armed American airmen watched on one side of the border and 15 tommygun-carrying Czechs on the other as four vehicles rolled across with the planes, which had been stripped of their wings.

Lt. Johansen said he and Lt. Roland got off course in bad weather and his gasoline ran low, and Lt. Roland explained that he was in an emergency landing. His story indicated that he also was well-treated.

Lt. Roland said they were on a routine flight about 60 miles from the Czech border. He was teaching Lt. Johansen jet formation flying.

"After 30 minutes of instruction, I realized I didn't know where I was," he related.

FOOD AND FAGE

The 25-year-old Roland said they took him to "what seemed like a large office building."

"They gave me some dinner and then put me into an armchair and prepared to interrogate me. That was about 11:30 a.m. June 8."

He said he remained in the chair until 2:30 the following day.

"They explained that I had violated the Czech border and I had no passport and that they had to ask me questions to find out whether I was who I said I was, in order to straighten things out with my government."

They also said they had to have information on the flight to find out whether I was lost as I said I was."

After the preliminary interrogation, he said, "It was quiet until about midnight. But I was not allowed to go to sleep. Then they came back. They put two typewriters on the table and they had a long list of questions. Some of them were of a military nature which I refused to answer. The interrogation went on until about 8 o'clock in the morning, but they did give me food and cigarettes."

He said he stayed in the armchair until that evening, when he was removed by car to a house in the residential area. "I was put into a room about 12 by 12 feet, well-furnished with a desk, radio, lamp and bed."

"I was never allowed to leave the room except to go to the bathroom and that was about three times from my door."

He said Lt. Johansen was next door but the only light glimmered from his door occasionally. "They gave me coffee, two warm meals a day and plenty of cigarettes."

He added that a guard was

Reds Guarantee Safe Conduct For UN Negotiators

Tokyo, July 6.

North Korean and Chinese "volunteer" leaders today guaranteed the safe conduct of United Nations negotiators going to Kaesong for preliminary talks to effect a cease-fire. The UN negotiators include three liaison officers and two interpreters.

Following is the text of the Communist reply as broadcast by Peking radio and monitored in Tokyo at 8 a.m. on Friday: "General Ridgway. We have received your second reply dated July 5th. We agree to the number of liaison officers and their aides you are sending and the time of their departure for Kaesong. We undertake to assure their safe conduct. But for their more certain safety and to cut down the possibility of misunderstanding to the minimum, we suggest that they proceed to Kaesong by a convoy of jeeps."

The broadcast continued, "At the same time, we inform you that our three liaison officers, one of whom is a colonel, together with two interpreters and reception personnel and assistants will set out at 5 a.m. (Pyongyang time) on July 7th, one day before the preliminary meeting from the Pyongyang area in a convoy of five jeeps and five motor trucks for the Kaesong area via Sariwon and Namchonjom. The jeeps and trucks will take part in preliminary meetings agreed upon by both parties. Each motor vehicle will have their white flag set on the top of each. Please take note of this information."

It was signed, "Kim Il Sung, Supreme Commander of the Korean People's Army, and Gen. Peng Teh-huai, Commander of the Chinese Volunteer Forces." Gen. Ridgway told the Chinese and North Korean Commanders on July 3 that jeeps bearing his cease-fire team would cross the Imjin river on the Seoul-Kaesong road at 9 a.m. The Communists plan to leave Pyongyang at 5 a.m., allowed for a four-hour drive from the Red capital to Kaesong. The arrangement was apparently so the two parties would arrive at the meeting place at approximately the same time.

The Communist commanders insisted on a jeep convoy for the UN team, apparently because they feared that quick-triggered Communist soldiers might fire on a helicopter flying across the line. The Communist team will match the UN team in rank—an

Train Driver Killed

New York, July 5.

A motorman was killed and thousands of homeward-bound commuters were delayed for three hours today when two empty subway trains collided during the rush hour on one of the city's busiest sections.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

An Intolerable Attitude

BECAUSE Persia boycotted the International Court hearings on the oil dispute it may be taken for granted that she will repudiate the Court's interim ruling and Britain, undoubtedly, will find it necessary to appeal to the United Nations Security Council. Persia's declared opposition to the International Court is based on the argument that the Court has no jurisdiction and that its findings are null and void. This contention is not easy to sustain. The conflict between the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and the Persian Government is no mere domestic dispute. Nor is it just a question of whether Iran's oil industry should be nationalised. At stake is a principle of international importance—the principle of a Government respecting the obligations of an agreement reached amicably and without duress. The unilateral repudiation of Persia's agreement with the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company is Britain's main complaint against the Persian Government and it was this issue which clearly influenced the International Court to make its interim recommendations. These, incidentally, are reasonable and suggest a sound basis on which the disputants could reopen negotiations for a fair settlement of the existing crisis. One important proposal is the establishment of a Supervision Board, whose functions would be to ensure that operations in the Persian oil fields and refineries continued, and to control finances in connection with the running of the industry and any monies in excess of those operating costs. The Court's ruling, by implication, denied the Iranian Government's right to nationalise its oil without fair

compensation to the dispossessed Anglo-Iranian Oil Company, and it laid down that for the time being the AIOC operations should continue under the management of the company subject to any modifications agreed with the Board of Supervision. The Court's recommendations can be regarded as being severely practical. At present, with the situation as it is, everybody is suffering and nobody benefiting. Already the Persian Premier has admitted that the country is losing vital revenue and that if this continues he will have to search for loans to make good the deficit. On the other hand, the outside world is being deprived of much needed oil and with the threatened closing down of the refineries, unemployment confronts a considerable number of Iranians. The whole problem could be resolved if the Persian Government showed any disposition for conciliation and compromise. But, as Mr. Morrison declares, Dr. Mossadeq and his colleagues appear to be determined to close down the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company even at the cost of economic ruin for Persia. Britain's ultimate aim is arbitration, but the fact that the mediation efforts of the United States Ambassador to Iran have failed to move Dr. Mossadeq offers little prospects of the Persians agreeing to official arbitration. The hot-headed Majlis have created an intolerable situation which bodes ill for the country, and while the Iranian Government persists in dishonouring its obligations under the terms of a perfectly legitimate agreement it is denied any sympathetic world feeling for its aspirations to achieve nationalisation.

More Meat For Britons

London, July 5.

Britons, whose weekly meat ration is about the size of a small chop, are to get more from next week, the Food Minister, Mr. Maurice Webb, announced today.

The size of the increase would depend on the amount of home killed meat, he added. Mr. Webb said that by the end of August, the ration would be doubled irrespective of any increase in price.

(The present ration is 10 pennyworth of fresh meat.)

Mr. Webb was replying to a House of Commons debate on the meat agreement with Argentina by which Britain is to receive a minimum of 200,000 tons in the next year.—Reuter.

Death Of Lord Inverchapel

Greenock, July 5.

Lord Inverchapel, former British envoy to the United States, Russia and several South American countries, died in Larkfield Hospital here today.

Lord Inverchapel, the former Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr, was one of the most colourful men in the British diplomatic service, which he joined in 1905. After serving as Minister to Central American republics in 1920 and to Sweden from 1931 to 1935, he became Ambassador to Iraq, then to China and the Soviet Union and from 1946 to 1948 to Washington.

Larkfield Hospital would not state the cause of his death. It was learned, however, that last Thursday he was rushed by helicopter across the River Clyde from his home at Dunoon, to Greenock.

In 1949, shortly after retiring from the diplomatic service, Lord Inverchapel drove to Glasgow to meet his Chilean wife upon her return from a trip to the United States and Canada. Two hours later, both were seriously injured when their car collided with a truck. Friends said he never recovered completely from his injuries.—Reuter.

Shells Damage US Warships

The Navy announced today that shells fired by the North Vietnamese had damaged two US warships in the Gulf of Tonkin. The USS Maddox, a destroyer, and the USS Turner Joy, a destroyer, were hit. The Maddox was damaged by a shell which penetrated the hull. The Turner Joy was damaged by a shell which penetrated the hull. The Navy said that the ships were not damaged in a way that would prevent them from continuing their operations. The Navy also said that the ships were not damaged in a way that would prevent them from continuing their operations.

Five Men Missing After Collision

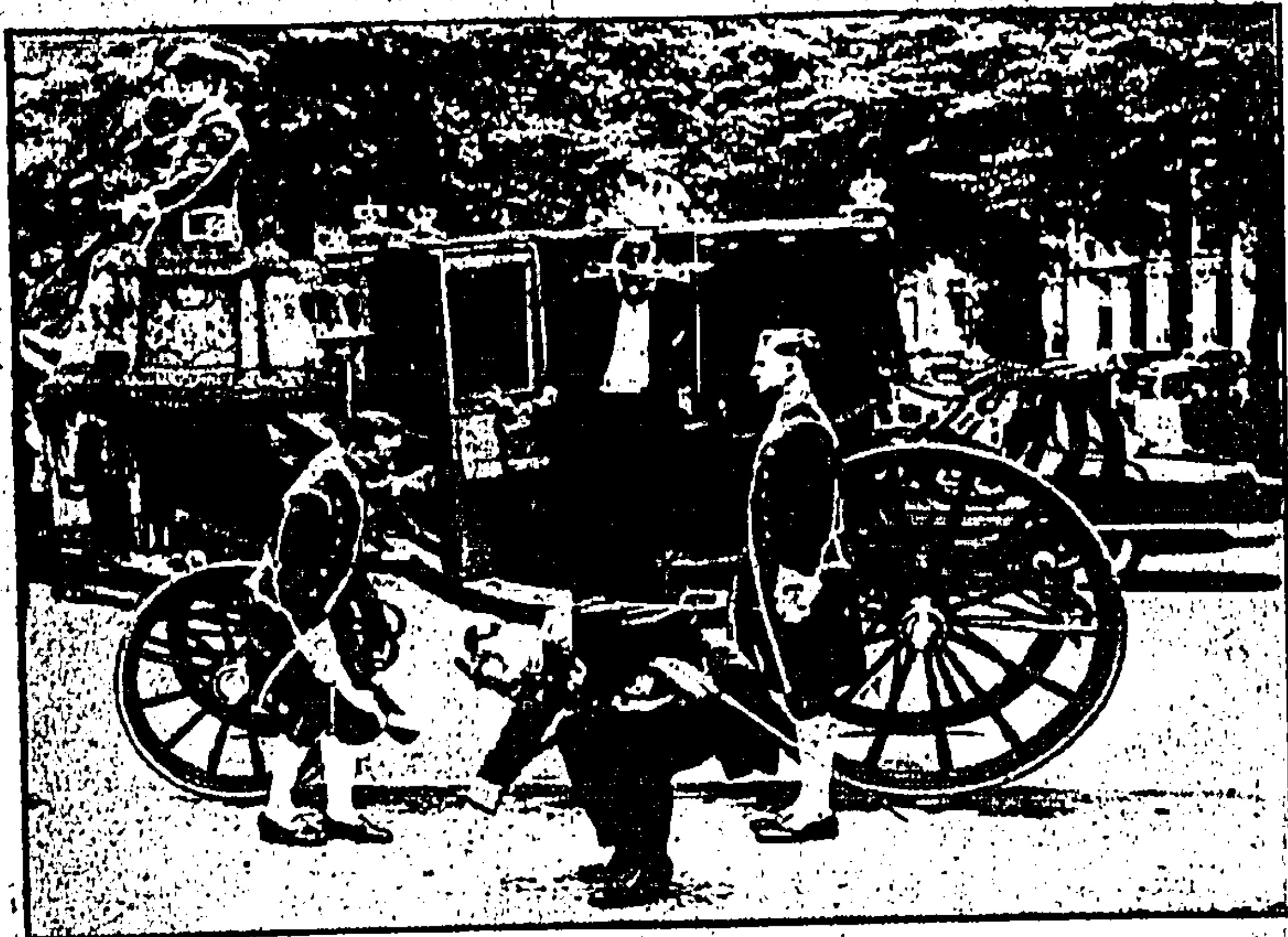
New Orleans, July 5. A tug and a barge collided in the Mississippi River near Avondale, Louisiana, today and reports said that five men were missing. The tug was carrying a load of coal. The barge was carrying a load of grain. The collision occurred at about 10 p.m. today. The tug was damaged and the barge was damaged. The five men were missing. The Navy is searching for the men.

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- NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION CO. Extinguishers.
- J. G. MAYOR & CO. LTD. Cranes, hoists, etc.
- S. PERKINS LTD. Motors & pumps, etc.
- STUART TURNER LTD. Vehicle-mounted cranes.
- SIRA LTD. Lifting & transport equipment.
- WILKINSON LTD. Lifting & transport equipment.

Diplomatic Incident At Queen Juliana's Palace



QUERY ON TRADING WITH CHINA

London, July 5. Major Tufton Beamish (Conservative) asked in the House of Commons today what discussions there had been with India to try to establish a common policy on trade with China.

Mr. Patrick Gordon-Walker, Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, replied that he had informed India of the measures to control British export of strategic goods to China.

He assumed that Major Beamish was referring to trade in goods which were the subject of the United Nations resolution of May 18 (banning strategic materials).

He said, "I may say that the Government of India have informed the Secretary-General of the United Nations that such limited trade as India has with China has not generally involved these goods."

"They have stated that most of these goods are of a kind which are imported into India and that their re-export from India is prohibited and that there is no export from India to China of indigenous articles falling within the resolution."

—Reuter.

The Royal Master of Ceremonies, Jonkheer D. C. de Graeff, stoops to retrieve the letters of credential which the new German Ambassador to the Netherlands, Dr. Karl Dumont, let slip from his hands as he was about to step from his coach to present them to Queen Juliana at her palace in The Hague.—AP Photo.

Runaway Scores Direct Hit

Portland Harbour, July 5. A practice torpedo with a dummy head, fired from Admiralty range here today, went off course and hit a frigate as she was entering the harbour.

There were no casualties, but some plates were pierced and compartments flooded.—Reuter.

Shah's Operation

A Tehran Radio message picked up in London tonight said that in addition to the appendicitis operation, the surgeons also operated on the Shah's left shoulder bone, fractured by an assailant's bullet in 1949.

Quoting a court communiqué, the broadcast said that the combined operation lasted over two hours.—Reuter.

RUSSIAN HOPES DEFEATED BY U.S. PROGRESS ON JAPANESE TREATY

Washington Analysis Of Far East Situation

A high United States source said today that Russian hopes of getting a stranglehold on Japan by winning in Korea were defeated by the United States' progress in working out a Japanese peace treaty.

"If there is an armistice in Korea, it will be because the Russians knew we would go ahead with the treaty," he said.

He added that Russia brought about the attack on South Korea to get control of Japan. That attack, he continued, was intended to give the Russians a stranglehold on Japan to demonstrate Communist power and United States impotence in the Far East.

If the aggressors had succeeded in taking control of the whole Korean peninsula, he said, Communism would have taken over Japan.

The strength demonstrated by the United States and the United Nations in Korea showed the Japanese that the United States had the capacity for defence in the Western Pacific and convinced them that the United States was dependable enough to trust in a bilateral security treaty.

The source, who is closely related to development of United States relations in the Pacific area, gave this outline of progress in current treaty negotiations:

1. The Japanese Peace Treaty. The final draft is being distributed today and tomorrow to the principal interested countries and copies will be sent in the coming week to all countries which were at war with Japan. This draft takes into account all observations made by other countries on previous drafts and the results of the recent discussions in London and Paris by the chief United States negotiator, Mr. John Foster Dulles. It is expected to stand largely in its present form—a treaty without special prohibitions and restrictions on Japan—and to be signed at a conference before the end of Summer.

SECURITY TREATIES

2. A bilateral security treaty between the United States and Japan. The substance of this treaty is agreed in principle and the final text is expected to be ready in the next few days. Final talks with the Japanese on this treaty were held by Mr. Dulles' deputy, Mr. John Allison, during his recent trip to Tokyo.

3. A trilateral security treaty among the United States, Australia and New Zealand. The final text of this treaty is expected to be ready soon and signature is not expected to lag behind the Japanese peace treaty. There has been considerable negotiation on the wording but not the substance of this treaty since the original draft was worked out last February.

In regard to timing of the peace treaty, the source pointed out that the occupational powers of the Supreme Command in Japan would continue after the signing and until ratification puts the treaty into effect. The United States' ratification is expected to take about six months because the Senate will probably not want to open hearings on it at the end of its present session later this Summer.

The Senate is expected to postpone ratification until Congress reconvenes next January. Security arrangements now being worked out for the Western Pacific area are not considered final by the United States.

"We think something more comprehensive and entire should be worked out," the informant explained.

GUARANTEE A SNAG

The United States source recalled the United States had envisaged a single security pact to include Japan, Australia, New Zealand, the Philippines and, if it wished, Indonesia. After talks with interested govern-

Washington, July 5.

The source said that when Mr. Dulles went to London, the United States felt that the treaty should be one of peace with reconciliation, trust and opportunity. The British believed the treaty should contain rather extensive restrictions limiting Japan closely in military rearmament and economic opportunity. The British position was based on mistrust of the United States' Pacific policies and some anti-Americanism among members of the Labour Cabinet, on the dangerous economic competition of Japan in such fields as shipbuilding, shipping and textiles, and on the United Kingdom's desire to speak for Commonwealth members desiring military limitations.

However, this plan was abandoned in favour of a series of arrangements which, he said, included a bilateral pact with Japan, United States guarantees to the Philippines and a trilateral pact with Australia and New Zealand.

One of the biggest difficulties in the overall security pact, according to the source, was the position of guaranteeing without including Asiatic mainland areas which are beyond the United States' security commitments. Such an omission might invite Communist attack.

The source further said that United States commitments involved in the two security pacts were these:

1. The tripartite pact with Australia and New Zealand is more along the lines of the Monroe Doctrine than the Atlantic pact. It is a mutual defence arrangement with definite commitments from all three powers.

2. The bilateral pact with Japan technically does not involve any U.S. commitments since Japan's disarmed position eliminates mutual defence. The pact will give the United States the right to garrison troops in Japan until it is convinced that some other security system makes the presence of these troops no longer necessary. The U.S. will give no guarantee to protect Japan for any period of time.

OUTSIDE DANGER

Mr. Dulles swung the British Cabinet to the United States' views by convincing them they could not compete with a country in that part of the world and should co-operate instead, the source continued.

Mr. Dulles asserted that, because the outside danger was so great, the two countries should work to build up each other's prestige there. He added that the French told Mr. Dulles in Paris that they felt some concern lest a liberal Japanese treaty might set a precedent for Germany, but Mr. Dulles assured them it would not.

Pointing out that neither the Nationalist nor Communist government of China would be invited to attend the Japanese peace conference, the source expressed confidence that Japan would negotiate bilaterally with the Nationalists later for their signature. They could do this under a provision of the treaty which would permit Japan to deal bilaterally with any country with which it had been at war but which had not signed the treaty. He added that this provision might be used by countries other than China.—United Press.

JAPANESE POSITION

The source disclosed that the Japanese Premier, Shigeru Yoshida, informed the United States that as soon as Japan regained liberty under the peace treaty the Japanese Government would begin considering what measures it would take to build up its own security.

The Japanese people want the protection of U.S. troops garrisoned in Japan, this source believed, and the victory of the Yoshida Party in the recent prefectural elections was interpreted here as re-affirmation of this desire. Some worry was felt here, however, that intense Communist propaganda in Japan against garrisoned troops might be having some effect on public opinion.

The source also emphasized the decisive nature of the recent Dulles talks in London with the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Herbert Morrison. He said: "These talks had a significance beyond the treaty. They laid the foundation for working together in the Far East to a greater degree than we have had at any time in the post-war years."

The agreement, achieved by Mr. Dulles there was made without any compromise of the substance of the United States' position and involved abandonment of virtually every counter-proposal, the British said.

A PRECEDENT?

Rather than adopt a policy toward Japan separate from that of the United States, the British Cabinet decided to work with the U.S.

This decision was likely to set a precedent in considering other problems in other Pacific areas. It also indicated that other countries outside the Soviet bloc were likely to accept treaty provisions agreed upon in London. The United States and the United Kingdom Governments

Schacht To Go To Persia

Tehran, July 5. Teheran University announced today that Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, at one time Hitler's Finance Minister, had accepted an invitation to lecture here this Autumn on economic and financial matters. It was recently reported that the Iran Government sought Dr. Schacht's services as finance adviser.—United Press.

HELP FOR YUGOSLAVIA AGREED

London, July 5. The United States, Britain and France have agreed on recommendations by their officials for short-term economic aid to Yugoslavia, the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Herbert Morrison, announced today.

They intend to make substantial grants available to buy raw materials, consumer goods and other essential supplies, he told the House of Commons.

Mr. Morrison said that the three Governments attached the greatest importance to strengthening the Yugoslav resistance to pressure from the Communist States, but had no intention of attaching any political strings to their aid.

Asked if the agreement covered arms to Yugoslavia, Mr. Morrison replied: "I think it is substantially true to say that arms will be purchased by Yugoslavia in the ordinary way." He could not say if it would be out of the money now being granted.—Reuter.

RM COMMANDO'S RECORD

London, July 5. The Third Commando Brigade of the Royal Marines have killed 100 terrorists and captured 34 in Malaya in the past 11 months, the Admiralty announced tonight.

Many more terrorists surrendered to them, the announcement added.

The Marines, who also assisted in the re-settlement in new villages of Chinese squatters, were moved to Malaya from Hongkong.—Reuter.

Uproar In New Assembly

Paris, July 6. At the name of Petain, Communists yelled and counter-yelled "Down with Vichy" and "You are Russians" when the new French Assembly opened here today. The session lasted 25 minutes.

Protests began when the presiding deputy, 65-year-old Mr. Eugene Reboul, pleaded for the reconciliation of all Frenchmen and for revision of Petain's trial.

The Assembly was packed with a record attendance, filling every one of the 600 available seats.

Mr. Pebillier took the chair as France's oldest deputy.

The new Speaker will be elected next week, after which the present Government will resign and its successor chosen by the President of the Republic.

Mr. Pebillier (Moderate) told the Chamber, "France wants a Government of public welfare in view of the seriousness of foreign and internal problems."

"France has decided to oppose violence and aggression and it is in this spirit that she agrees to her children fighting under the national flag and under the flag of the United Nations."

"It is to preserve peace that France wants to reinforce her own security in collaboration with her Atlantic Pact allies."

—Reuter.

Newsman In Trouble

Memphis, July 5. Shavarsh Benlian, an Egyptian newspaperman touring the Southern United States, said today he fled Texas because the Houston police gave him "Gestapo" treatment.

Benlian, correspondent for 15 Middle East newspapers, said he was arrested "for nothing" beaten and "strongly advised" to leave the State.

In Houston, Police Captain H. McGill said Benlian was booked for disturbing the peace. He was not mistreated but got into a fight with a drunk in the main cell.—Associated Press.

Atrocity Charges Designed To Discredit The UN

United Nations, N.Y. July 5. The United States tonight denounced Communist charges of atrocities by United Nations forces in Korea as being fabricated for the purpose of propaganda designed to discredit the United Nations effort.

It also renewed its challenge to the Communists to permit the International Red Cross to investigate charges submitted in a 40-page document last week by the Russian delegate, Mr. Jacob Malik, on behalf of the Communist-backed Women's International Democratic Federation.

As Security Council President for June, Mr. Malik asked that the charges be circulated as a Council document.

"The purpose of circulating this paper under the guise of a Security Council document is transparent," said the chief United States delegate, Mr. Warren Austin, in a letter to the United Nations Secretary-General, Mr. Trygve Lie. "It is inconsistent with the legitimate functions of the Security Council."

The United Nations forces in Korea have been and are under instructions to observe, at all times the Geneva Convention of 1941 on the treatment of wounded and sick.

Amplification of the condition of wounded and sick in the armed forces in the field.

Amplification of the condition of wounded, sick and

shipwrecked members of armed forces at sea.

DENIED ACCESS

1. Treatment of prisoners of war.

2. Protection of civilian persons in time of war.

Representatives of the International Committee of the Red Cross, as well as the United Nations Commission for the Rehabilitation and Unification of Korea, have constantly been denied access to that part of Korea under Communist control.

The United Command urges that the conduct of all troops in Korea be subjected to investigation by a neutral, impartial group of recognized international standing, such as the International Committee of the Red Cross.—United Press.

SHOWING TO-DAY **QUEEN'S** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

KILLERS-FOR-HIRE-AND THE MAN WHO SMASHED THEM!

HUMPHRY BOGART

THE ENFORCER

FROM WARNER BROS.

TO-DAY ONLY **ALHAMBRA** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

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PATHE OVERSEAS PRESENTS

The FANTASTIC ADVENTURES of **"BARON MUNCHHAUSEN"**

IN WONDERFUL COLOR with English Subtitles

Warning By Asian Leaders

Milan, July 5. Asian Labour leaders gave warning here today that improved living standards and truly democratic forms of government were essential to stop the spread of Communism in the East.

The Asian delegates were addressing the second World Congress of the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions.

The Congress, which began yesterday, is being attended by 300 Labour leaders representing 52,500,000 organised non-Communist workers throughout the world.

Miss Maniben Kara, President of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, one of the two big Indian labour federations, claiming 800,000 members, said, "In Asia we are engaged in a struggle against the Communist threat."

She appealed to the 18-month-old International to focus its attention on the under-developed areas which offered a rich field to Communist penetration.

Atab Ali, Vice-President of the All-Pakistan Confederation of Labour, said, "A large number of Asian governments are still far from democracy."

He added that as long as these governments allowed the masses to live in half-starvation it was impossible to organize strong and free trade unions.

Mr. T. C. Hoo, of the Malayan Trades Union Council, said that the new Labour International had provided invaluable help in the first steps towards building up a trades union organization in war-torn Malaya.

He particularly thanked the British Trades Union Congress for the strong support it had given the young Malayan labour movement.—Reuter.

Credit For Macao

Lisbon, July 5. The Portuguese government today granted a credit of \$15,000 for the territory of Macao to feed the Chinese interned in Macao on account of the Chinese civil war.—United Press.

LUNA PARK

THE NICEST LITTLE THEATRE IN TOWN

TO-DAY AT 2.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

JOAN OF ARC BERGMAN

TO-DAY AT 12.30 & 5.00 P.M. (FREE SHOW)

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WHEN YOU MARRIED ME YOU SAID, MURDER DIDN'T MEAN A THING TO YOU

I STILL FEEL THE SAME WAY

POCKET MONEY

POCKET MONEY

SAVE YOUR EYES

CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

FIRST 4-POWER TALKS IN BERLIN FOR TWO YEARS

Friendly Discussions On "Little Blockade"

Berlin, July 5.

British, French, United States and Soviet representatives today sat down at one table in Berlin for official talks—for the first time in two years.

They adjourned until next Monday after three hours of friendly discussions, according to a four-power communique.

The talks were proposed by the Western Commandants last month after East German controls had led to a costly 10-day "little blockade" of West Berlin.

EFFORT TO INTIMIDATE THE PRESS

Washington, July 5.

President Truman said today that he agreed to the conviction of the Associated Press correspondent, Mr. William N. Oatis, was a Communist attempt to intimidate the free world press.

Mr. Truman endorsed the statement issued yesterday by the State Department, concerning Mr. Oatis' conviction by a Communist court in Czechoslovakia.

Mr. Oatis was sentenced to 10 years in prison on charges of spying.

The President told his news conference that the State Department comment was submitted to him for approval and that he was in agreement with it. Officials here said that the State Department was studying all possible means which might be employed to obtain Mr. Oatis' release from prison.

Senator Brian McMahon called on Congress to tell Russia what he thought of the "farce and farce" conviction.

Senator McMahon declared that the case was just another example of the Soviet determination to rule by fear. He accused the Kremlin of systematic persecution of newsmen.

The Senator introduced a resolution which would express the "profound indignation" of Congress over the treatment given Mr. Oatis. He proposed that the State Department transmit the resolution to Russia.

The State Department has labelled the arrest and trial of William Oatis a "ludicrous travesty of justice" carried out solely for anti-American propaganda purposes.

Senator Karl Mundt demanded that the State Department take immediate reciprocal action against Czechoslovakia for its treatment of Mr. Oatis—Reuter and United Press.

The West wants Soviet control over West Berlin goods shipments to the West—which go through the Russian Zone—to be restricted to purely formal checks. This is taken to mean no more than rubber-stamping consignment papers.

This is intended to curb smuggling of scarce metals from East Germany into West Berlin and from there to West Germany.

The Soviet authorities, basing their demand on the four-power agreements of 1948, insist that legally they have the right to scrutinize goods leaving West Berlin and, if justified, to ban certain goods from leaving the city.

The Western Commandants have rejected this interpretation and accused the Russians of interfering with the principle of "free access" from Berlin to the West.

The Soviet view as put by the official East German news agency, ADN, on June 22, was that the Soviet control over West Berlin's exports westwards must be maintained to eliminate the metal black market in the city.

The Soviet authorities claimed that some West Berlin firms buy scarce raw materials illegally from East Germany and use them in exports going to West Germany and foreign countries.

East Germany's materials shortage has worsened since the new American-imposed restrictions on the flow of goods from the West to the East.

A prepared Western agenda in thought to propose that the Soviet authorities relinquish their claims to legalistic controls over West Berlin's trade with the West.

Today's meeting was the first since July 12, 1949, that Soviet, British, United States and French representatives sat down to negotiate over Berlin's supply "corridor" to the West.

The Russian delegation consisted of three men and one woman.

The talks will have a decisive bearing on a new East-West German trade agreement for 1951.—Reuter.

Concluding Scene In Trial Of Archbishop Groesz



Menzies Promises Quick Action Against Reds

Canberra, July 5.

Australia's Prime Minister, Mr. Robert G. Menzies, said today that his Government proposed to deal quickly, vigorously and unrelentingly with Communists if given the power to do so.

Senator Distrusts Peace Move

Washington, July 5.

Senator Alexander Wiley, (Republican, Wisconsin) said tonight that the United States will be "played for a sucker" again in the Korean truce negotiations, unless both Red China and Russia take direct parts.

He indicated that Russia—organiser of the present cease-fire plan—and the Peking Government could later repudiate any settlement made only by the North Koreans and Chinese "volunteers."

Senator Wiley said that meanwhile further aggressions could be prepared elsewhere. He said, "Those so-called Chinese 'volunteers' and North Koreans are just puppets of the real enemy. The Kremlin is pulling the strings. . . . We know that. The Communists are trying to 'play' us for a sucker again and probably before we get through with these negotiations they will be ready for another attempt at aggression in Indo-China, Burma, Iran or somewhere else."

He said, "I would demand that Stalin and the rulers of Red China get into the picture before we attempt to agree on anything. Otherwise we are not going to get anywhere."—United Press.

Ceremony In Tokyo

Tokyo, July 5.

At a ceremony at the headquarters of the Far East Air Forces in Tokyo this morning, Lieutenant-General Sir Horace Robertson, Commander-in-Chief British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, presented the Australian flag to Lieutenant-General E. Weyland, Commander Far East Air Forces.

General Robertson made the presentation as a mark of personal esteem to General Weyland and the flag will be placed in his office alongside other United Nations flags. It will replace the Australian flag presented by General Robertson to the former F.E.A.F. Commander, General Stratton, when the General took office with him to the United States.

General Weyland thanked General Robertson for the flag which, he said, he was proud to accept.—Reuter.

"Nerve Gas" As Weapon

New York, July 5.

The British believe "nerve gas" might be used in the next world war. Mayor Hiram McCullough of Toronto, Ontario, said today on his return from a visit to Britain.

Mr. McCullough, who studied civil defence methods for four days in London, said British experts think there is a good possibility "nerve gas" will be used and he would recommend that it be studied in the Toronto civil defence programme.—United Press.

Oil Pool Plan Dismissed

New York, July 3.

Representatives of the major oil companies met here today to explore means of pooling their resources to supply the nations of the Western Hemisphere with oil products in the event Iranian oil is cut off.

About 70 representatives of 19 oil companies attended.

The first part of the agenda was devoted to the formation of a smaller group called "Foreign Petroleum Supply Committee."—United Press.

No Other Choice

Washington, July 5.

The State Department said today that the United States would have no choice but to withdraw the three members of its Legation staff from Budapest if they had been declared persona non grata.

Mr. Lincoln White, the Department spokesman, said that the Department regarded the allegations of conspiracy against the three Legation staff members as completely without foundation.

It took the same view of them as those made at the trial of the Associated Press correspondent, Mr. William Oatis, who was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for spying by a People's Court in Prague yesterday.

Mr. White said that the Hungarian and Czech actions appeared to be part of a well-planned propaganda campaign against the United States.—Reuter.

Collective Action Against The Reds

Tokyo, July 6.

Free peoples banding together for collective security can look forward to the exhaustion and disintegration of Communist forces of slavery and aggression, Governor Thomas E. Dewey of New York said today.

In an address to the American-Japanese Society here, he said that even as America was prepared to make final peace with Japan, she was discussing arrangements for mutual defence pacts with Pacific nations along the lines of the North Atlantic Treaty.

Gov. Dewey said, "We believe in collective action, not action dominated by any one nation or by any one culture. Through the United Nations we are welding the invincible partnership of strength among free nations."

The Republican Party leader arrived here on Wednesday on the first leg of his tour to nine Pacific countries to acquaint himself with their problems.

Archbishop Groesz, aged 63, of Hungary, stands between his guards, together with others accused of plotting to overthrow the Hungarian Republic, to hear sentence pronounced by Judge Otti in Budapest. The Archbishop (first defendant on left) was given 15 years in gaol.—AP Photo.

Coupons Would Baffle Her

London, July 5.

The first woman ever faced with the task of editing 400 tons of captured German Foreign Office documents said: "I should be baffled if I had to fill in a football pool coupon."

She is the Hon. Margaret Lambert, 45-year-old, scholarly daughter of Viscount Lambert, the veteran Liberal.

The Foreign Office have appointed her as their editor-in-chief of the documents. The other editors-in-chief are French, one American—are men.

Dr. Lambert (she is a doctor of philosophy of London University and a BA of Oxford) has taken the job without knowing what the salary will be.

"It has not yet been decided," said the Foreign Office.

Her predecessor, General Sir James Marshall-Cornwall, who speaks nine languages, was paid £1,000 a year, for part-time work.

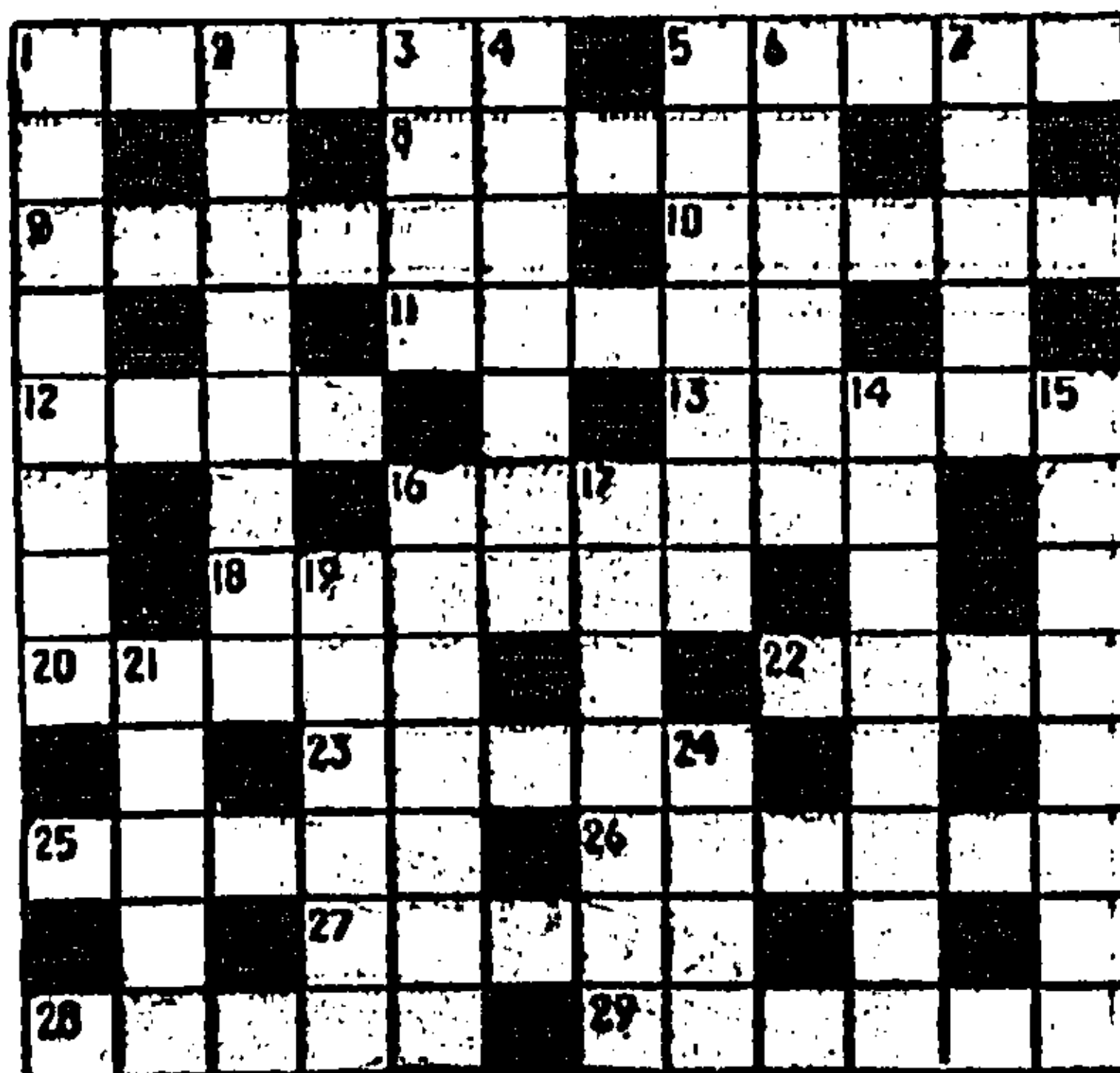
Dr. Lambert is expected to have a higher salary, as hers will be a full-time appointment.

She speaks and writes German and French as easily as she does English. She is an authority on Austria, and during the war broadcast news to that country from the BBC.

In London Dr. Lambert shares a studio flat in St. John's Wood with a woman artist friend. Part of the week she is at her father's farm at South Molton, Devon.

From there she drives the 18 miles to Exeter in a 1934 car, to her job as lecturer in modern history at University College.—(London Express Service.)

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Division into factions (6)
 - Cover with cloth (5)
 - Unusually (5)
 - Vehicle driver (6)
 - Tag (5)
 - Place (5)
 - Armour (6)
 - Annoy (6)
 - Up-to-date (6)
 - Pitcher (5)
 - Hard work (4)
 - Swallow (5)
 - View (5)
 - Begin to appear (6)
 - Mop (5)
 - Speak (5)
- DOWN**
- Tree (6)
 - Dreadful (6)
 - Vast expanse (4)
 - Refer to (7)
 - Swollen (7)
 - Proof-corrector (6)
 - Urgency (5)
 - Proclaim (6)
 - Blow up (6)
 - Knob (7)
 - Settle (7)
 - Speaker (6)
 - Proof-corrector (6)
 - Begin to appear (6)
 - Mop (5)
 - Speak (5)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1. Clam, 2. Clam, 3. Clam, 4. Clam, 5. Clam, 6. Clam, 7. Clam, 8. Clam, 9. Clam, 10. Clam, 11. Clam, 12. Clam, 13. Clam, 14. Clam, 15. Clam. Down: 1. Clam, 2. Clam, 3. Clam, 4. Clam, 5. Clam, 6. Clam, 7. Clam, 8. Clam, 9. Clam, 10. Clam, 11. Clam, 12. Clam, 13. Clam, 14. Clam, 15. Clam.

KING'S MANIFEST

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20
& 9.30 P.M. & 9.30 P.M.

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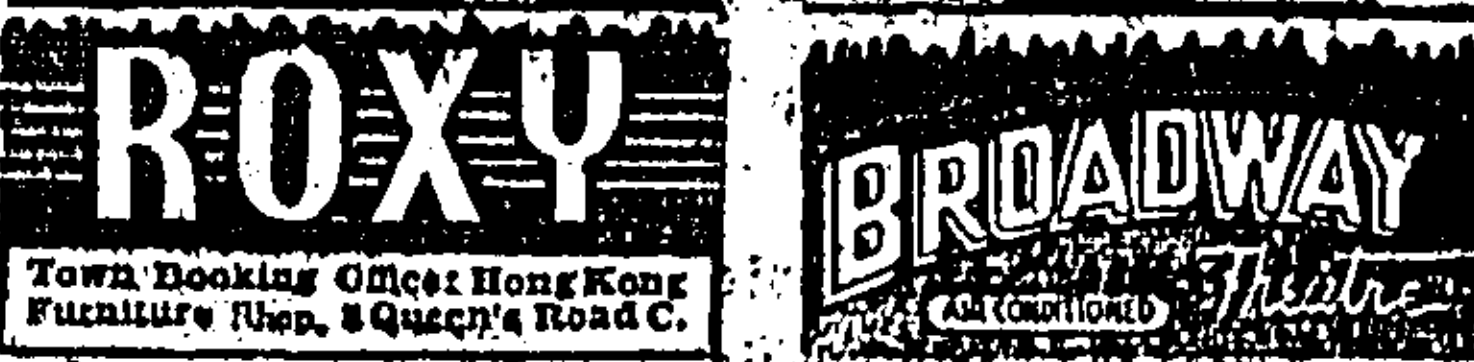
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FIRST ROUND BATTLES AT WIMBLEDON



COMMENCING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.

Anton WALBROOK • Marjux CORING

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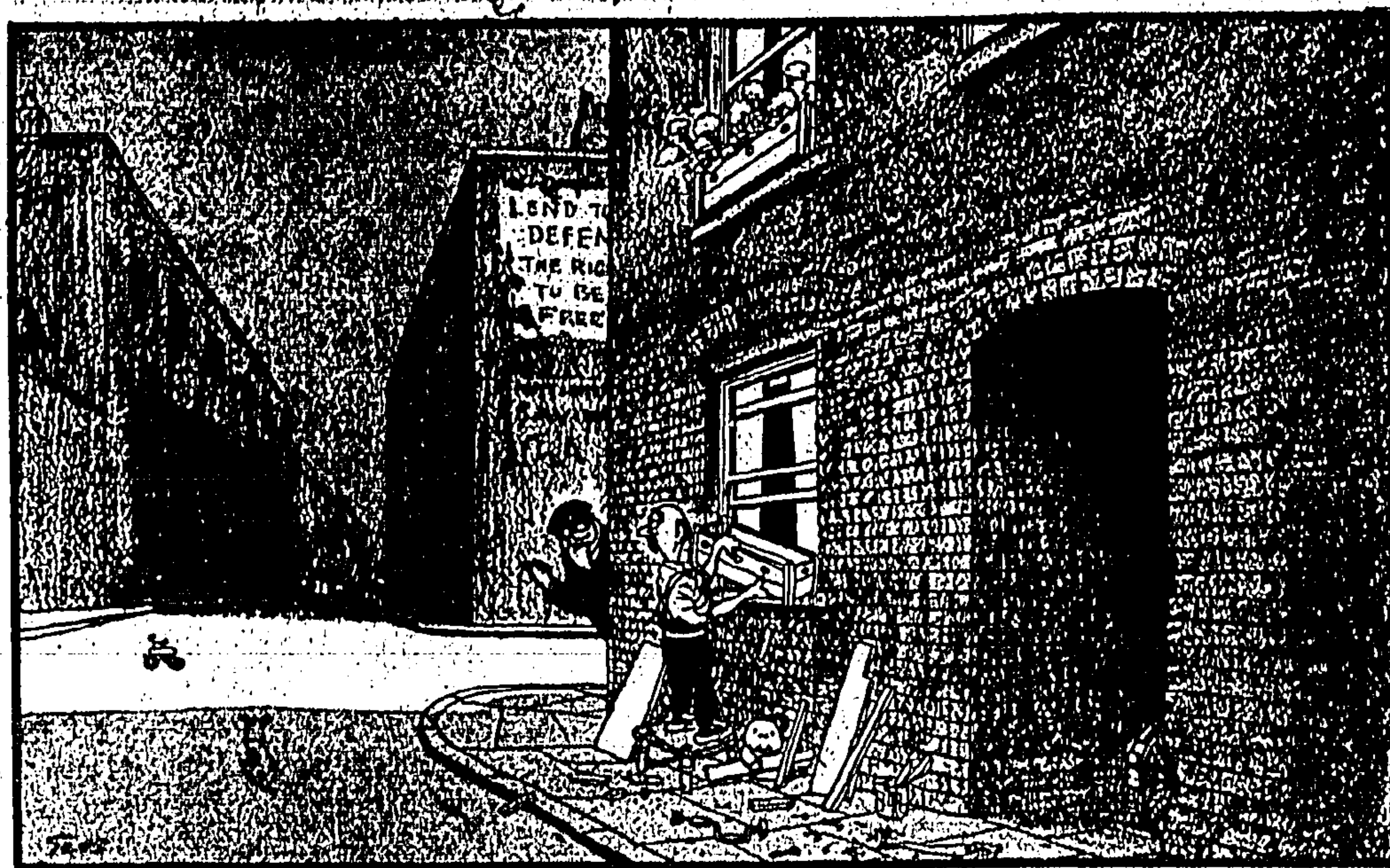
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London Express Service

A MAN FLIES 4,000 MILES HOME WITH THE STORY OF

THE BRITISH who hold on in ABADAN

WHAT is it like in Abadan? I was there a few days ago.

I remember the evening. The men had finished a hard day's work. The young ones were playing cricket or tennis. They had no occasion to return to their deserted bungalows for their wives had flown back to Britain.

The older men were having an extra drink in the club or a last game of snooker.

Outside the gates of the oil company's area Persian Army sentries lounged gracefully as they watched the young Persians waiting for a chance to shout "Go home you Englishman."

Riots Begin

WHEN I went to Abadan there were rumours about Persian nationalisation. But the idea seemed so ridiculous that no one paid any great attention.

Not until Prime Minister Ali Razmara was assassinated in March, and the Persian Government rushed the nationalisation Bill through Parliament, did it seem important.

On the afternoon of April 12 a Persian employee of the company phoned me. "A mob is attacking the shipping office," he said.

The shipping office was only a quarter of a mile from my office. I planned ways to defend our bungalow. I found two pick-hafts. I tried to smuggle them into the home for I had not told my wife of the riots.

But in the afternoon the riot died down. I stood by for two hours. I planned ways to defend our bungalow. I found two pick-hafts. I tried to smuggle them into the home for I had not told my wife of the riots.

Again the phone rang. It was the woman next door to tell my wife about the riot.

My wife laughed and said: "I'd scare any mob off with a fly-bomb." A fly-bomb is a breakable container shaped like a bomb, containing R.D.T. vapour for killing insects.

We didn't know then that three British engineers had been killed.

What We Did

IN the office the Persians who I worked for, were angry with their countrymen. They didn't have to apologise. We didn't even mention it. But a dozen were there showing how sick at heart they were.

by . . .
**An official of the
ANGLO-IRANIAN
OIL COMPANY**

For they knew that Anglo-Iranian had done a lot for Persia. In Persia there are 3,000 Britons supporting directly or indirectly a quarter of a million Persians.

In our agreement with the Government we had promised to give Persians every chance to obtain high positions. We have done so. There are departments in which Persians have Englishmen under them.

In Persia, as a whole, living conditions are bad. There is no running water in Teheran. But round Abadan the company has extended irrigation pipe lines to all the farmers to reclaim the land.

Every employee, Persian or British, has only to turn on a tap.

We lent the farmers machinery. Each year we imported thousands of tons of wheat to subsidise the poor diet of the Persians.

The Persians who worked for me knew all that. They knew about the schools we had built, the clubs and the cinemas and the absence of any form of discrimination. And they feel unhappy.

Our Home

AFTER the riots the company offered to give free return tickets to any of our wives and families who wanted to go home. That was important to us. We are allowed normally only one free ticket each three years.

But on the first day only 80 people turned up to take advantage of the offer.

For to most of us Abadan was home. It was hot admittedly, in the summer—sometimes 120 degrees or more in the shade—and in the winter sometimes below freezing point. But we were happy.

Yet each day the situation grew worse and more families went home. Still we couldn't leave. The Persians meant trouble.

They can't run our oil fields. They may know enough to stop the plant working. They know enough, I should estimate, to pump crude oil in limited quantities.

But none of them is trained to run the refinery and there are not so many countries needing great quantities of only crude oil.

So as our wives flew home to Britain we sat in our clubs and argued.

What are Persians going to do? It is said that an American company made an offer to run the works, but the U.S. Secretary of State said it was a disaster. We shall be blamed or even accused of sabotage.

When the safety margin depends on the flickering of a gauge needle, there can soon be catastrophe.

One thing is certain. Few, if any, Britons will work for the Persians. They are shocking employers.

I know a man who went to work in their Finance Ministry. It was six months before he was paid.

We work longer. Every Briton does eight hours a day, in the summer the State-employed Persians do only five hours. We stand the desert heat better.

Span Abadan may be looted by the Persian Government. Our stores of thousands of tons of sugar, of tea, of tinned fruit will go through corruption to the black market if that happens.

Six Months

IN six months the oil will have stopped flowing. The hospitals will be closed, and there will be no more money. There will be riots and the Tudeh Communist Party of Persia will go into action.

We may be too close to the situation to see straight, but I don't think so.

Yet I wish that I were still in Abadan, a green and fertile spot we have built in the desert, keeping the plant running and hoping that the Persians will realise their craziness in time.

(London Express Service).

INSIDE INFORMATION By MERCURY

AIR charter companies have agreed to move 50,000 British troops in a two-way charter service between United Kingdom and the Suez Canal zone if required.

Truman has asked Bradley to continue as Chief of Staff till 1953.

Former Luftwaffe and Japanese pilots are flying Russian MIGs in North Korea.

Brazil has agreed to send adequate supplies of nickel to a Commonwealth pool next year, because stocks in Canada are fast diminishing.

Russia has told Persia she is prepared to buy oil not required by the West.

The oil would be conveyed by rail and road to the Caspian, then by tank barges to Astrakhan.

Manono, in the Belgian Congo, is to become one of the world's largest rubber-producing centres.

Mr Morrison is planning a major shake-up at the Foreign Office. His proposals have been sent to Mr. Attlee.

The Foreign Secretary recommends changes among top-ranking officials in Whitehall and a tightening of overseas security.

An Under-Secretary of State has offered his resignation from the Foreign Office as a result of the disappearance of the two missing British diplomats.

The offer has not been accepted by the Foreign Secretary.

The Russian Embassy staff at Bangkok has been increased from 300 to 500 since January.

Gori, Stalin's birthplace, in the Caucasus, is now a show-town and tourist centre.

America has promised arms to Egypt. The Egyptian Government will reach political agreement with Britain.

Diplomatic relations between the U.S. and Czechoslovakia are to end. No further visas will be issued to U.S. correspondents or voluntary agents.

MacARTHUR for PRESIDENT?

—By—

PROF. D.W. BROGAN

IT is one of the rules of American politics that any man in the public eye will appeal to some group as a possible President, whether he has any qualifications for the post or, what is more important, any real appeal for voters. So there is nothing surprising in the formation of clubs and societies to push the candidacy of General MacArthur and there would be nothing surprising were he a much less prominent figure, less valuable political material (at the moment) for the Opposition and less of a national hero.

After all, Admiral Dewey and Henry Ford were both pushed with as much zeal and with less justification. But neither got nominated and there is no reason to believe that General MacArthur will be.

Decisive Year

There is, first of all, his age. He will be seventy-two next year, the decisive year, nearly four years older than William Henry Harrison was when he was inaugurated in 1841 for his first term, and General Harrison died in a month. It may be brutal to put it that way, but the presidency is a killing job, and at the Republican Convention next year, should MacArthur be put seriously in nomination, a not very well concealed thought would be the unlikelihood of his serving out his term.

That, probably, would, of course, make him an attractive nominee for the supporters of a dark horse who would hope for the vice-presidency but not for the presidency, but General MacArthur is not likely to relish the role of the stalking horse of a dark horse. And that such calculations would be made, we may be sure.

They were made at the Democratic convention in 1944, and Roosevelt was a lot younger than MacArthur. They will be made at the Democratic convention of 1952 if Mr. Truman is a candidate—and he is a good deal younger than General MacArthur.

An Outsider

Then it must be remembered that the Republican professional politicians, who have borne the heat of the day and have endured the agony of twenty years of Democratic rule are not at all anxious to see the prize go to one who, however great he is as a party asset, is yet an outsider. Twice before, General MacArthur has been receptive to a nomination. He declined it before, it was not offered in 1944, and sought it in vain in 1946.

One of the sad spectacles of that year was the vast banner bearing MacArthur's portrait.

(Continued on Page 7 Col 6)

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WOMANSENSE

STEWED PEARS
PEARS ARE DIFFICULT TO STEW, MRS. A.

PUT 1/2 PINT WATER
4-5 OZ SUGAR
AND 2 TEASPOONS VINEGAR
INTO A SAUCEPAN AND BRING TO THE BOIL.

PEEL THE PEARS, HALVE THEM
TAKE OUT THE CORES, PUT THEM IN A STEW PAN.

THE VINEGAR'LL KEEP THE PEARS WHITE

SHOULDN'T BE, DEAR...

AND POUR THE BOILING SYRUP OVER THEM, ADDING 2-3 CUPS.

COVER AND COOK GENTLY IN THE OVEN OR ON THE STOVE TILL TENDER.

WHEN COOKED, STRAIN OFF THE JUICE, AND THICKEN IT EITHER WITH ARROWROOT OR BY FAST BOILING.

VERY HARD ONES MAY TAKE 2-4 HOURS.

THEN POUR IT OVER THE PEARS AND LEAVE TO GET COLD.

Woman Lawyer From New York



ONE of America's most decorative women lawyers is in London. She is Judge Shientag of New York. Still in the thirties, she has auburn hair, wide green eyes, a shapely figure.

She dresses with elegance; to dine with women solicitors in London she wore a sheath dress of pearl grey shantung taffeta with matching wide-skirted coat. "Women can be both feminine and efficient," says Judge Shientag. "In all the professions they have to work harder than the men."

For several years Mrs. Shientag was judge of a domestic relations court in New York. Now she is an Assistant United States Attorney, or Federal Prosecutor.

Husband Aho A Judge
Her husband, Bernard, is a judge of the New York State Appellate Court. Could Mrs. Shientag appeal to him?

"No," she says. "Federal court cases never come before State courts. If they did, my husband would be disqualified from hearing the case."

Mrs. Shientag was called to the Bar at 24. As a judge her salary was \$20,000 a year. She met her husband in a law court.

Now Mrs. Shientag is on her first holiday in two years. She is full of admiration for her English women colleagues.

"But I hope your women solicitors give their briefs to women, barristers whenever possible," she says.

(London Express Service.)

Simple but effective



This striking ensemble is but a combination of black and white. The hat is of white ottoman and like the gloves, relieved with blue spots. It was seen at the Chantilly race meeting, near Paris.

A SUMMER SPECIAL

DINNER

Tomato Aspic Salad Squares
Shredded Lettuce
Roast Fresh or Smoked Pork
Loin Gravy
Pan-Baked Potatoes
Escalloped Onions
Apple-Ginger Crisp
Whipped Topping
Coffee, Tea or Milk

Budget Notes: Make tomato aspic salad with half tomato juice and half liquid drained from cooking vegetables. Add 1 bouillon cube or envelope broth powder.

Substitute pig's knuckles with sauerkraut for roast pork. All Measurements Are Level. Recipes Serve Four.

Escalloped Onions

Peel and thin-slice 2 lb. mild-flavoured onions. Dust with 1/4c. flour, 1 tsp. salt and 1/4 tsp. pepper. Arrange in layers in a margarine or buttered 3 pt. sized baking dish, alternating with 1 c. soft white bread crumbs mixed with 1/4 tsp. thyme. Pour in 3 c. soup-stock or enough to cover. Or use 3 c. water and 3 bouillon cubes or envelopes broth powder. Dot

with 1 tbsp. butter or margarine. Cover and bake 1 1/2 hr. at 400 F. Uncover to brown at the end of 1 hr.

Apple-Ginger Crisp

Wash and fine-chop 5 large tart cooking apples. Add 3/4 c. brown sugar and spread in a 9" pie plate. Cover with a layer of leftover gingerbread crumbs mixed with 2 tbsp. melted butter or margarine. Cover and bake 20 min. in a hot oven, 400 F. Uncover and bake until browned.

Make Your Bedroom Look Different

By ELEANOR ROSS

It's nice to buy some new furniture or do over the bedroom of course, but that isn't always possible. But much, so much can be done with fabric, and perhaps one or two walls done over in wallpaper or repainted to give a fresh colour scheme. And if one is a fairly good sewer or handy with the sewing machine it doesn't cost too much to treat the room to new curtains or drapes, a new spread or slipcovers and new dressing table skirts.

Ruffle Measurement

Fabrics are varied and beautiful, some remarkably reasonable in price. Easy to do is a dressing table skirt. Really it is a straight piece—the full length from floor to top edge of the table. For ruffles measure one and one half times the measurement around the front and two sides. You can make a fitted fabric top which can be covered with a piece of glass cut to fit.

We admire a charming little dressing table made from one of those unpainted jobs and nicely set in a nook. It had been done with yards of permanent-finish organdie with blue-velvet ribbon threaded through. A swishy length of lighter blue organdie pulled through a blue velvet coloured ring made a nice frame for the table. The skirt was edged in light blue fabric.

A bench, given the same fabric treatment as the table and fitted with a flum, rubber, cushion for comfort, completed an inexpensive and pretty renovating job.

If you want to tie up the spread with the rest of the room it isn't difficult to make your own. We saw a handsome spread made of heavy broadcloth, the long, neat, diagonal seams bound with blue bias tape to match the blue of the headboard and bolster.

Bedspreads and Drapes

As an alternative there are brands of "bedspreads and drapes" that offer matching yardage, an excellent idea for a quick and easy fabric renovation. A good use of it to buy the same pattern on different coloured backgrounds with the spread in one, the curtains and dressing table in the other.

If the pattern is neat, then it's something of an idea to make lamp shades of the fabric you've used in some parts of the room. Cover the old one or cut a pattern from it, apply cut-outs from the fabric to the old shade.

For an extra bedside table use a lingerie chest or closet chest of plywood or heavy cardboard such as are sold in the stores. With thumb tacks and paste recover them in the fabric used for the bedspread. It is a tedious chore, to be sure, but it isn't difficult, and the result has a custom-made air about it.

DUMB-BELLS



JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Unorthodox Bidding Puts Joe Off Track

NORTH		20
♠ 43		
♥ 1073		
♦ 4		
♣ AKQ10742		
WEST		EAST
♠ 952		♠ Q1064
♥ KQ84		♥ A3
♦ A986		♦ Q107
♣ 98		♣ 75
SOUTH (D)		
♠ AKJ7		
♥ 952		
♦ K52		
♣ 43		
E-W vul.		
South	West	North
Pass	Pass	1NT
2♣	Pass	Pass
Opening lead—4♠		

By OSWALD JACOBY

WHEN Sam Fry, Jr., and Peter Leventritt won the Eastern States pair championship recently they showed that teaching orthodox-bidding methods at the Card School hasn't made them forget how to horseshoe their opponents with a change of pace.

Sam held the North cards of the hand shown today and decided to make a psychic bid of one no-trump. Peter's response of two clubs was the Bayesian convention asking the opening bidder to show a biddable major if he had one. "West," said Peter, "Normal no-trump," continued West. "Uhhuh," nodded Peter. "Normal no-trump," said Peter, "I tried not to break out in a cold sweat. Leventritt had a way of knowing what the opening bid was a psychic, so his answers to West's questions were perfectly unassuming and honest."

Eventually West passed, and Fry passed with a head pan. East realized that there was a strong smell of herring in the air, but he couldn't think of any safe action to take. So he passed also, and Leventritt found himself playing the hand with two little trumps in his own hand and seven solid trumps in the dummy.

The defenders could have taken four tricks in the hand, but they got off to a poor start with a trump lead. This gave Leventritt a chance to draw two rounds of trumps and take the spade finesse. When this finesse held, Leventritt won 10 tricks, for a top score.

Somehow wonder whether the boys teach all these fancy tricks to their pupils.

CARD Sense

Q—With both sides vulnerable your partner deals and bids one no-trump. The next player doubles. You hold: Spades 4-5, Hearts 5-6, Diamonds A-Q-J-10-4-2, Clubs 8. What do you do?

A—Redouble. If your partner stays in no-trump, your diamonds should guarantee the contract. If the opponents run to spades or clubs you will probably have to go on in no-trump (or possibly diamonds).

TODAY'S QUESTION

With both sides vulnerable your partner deals and bids one no-trump. The next player doubles. You hold: Spades 4-5, Hearts 5-6, Diamonds 4-7-6-3-2, Clubs 6-2. What do you do?

Answer tomorrow.

CROSSWORD

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SHIRLEY FRY AND DORIS HART IN THE FINAL

Wimbledon, July 5.

The three-year reign of Miss Louise Brough as Wimbledon's lawn tennis "Queen" ended today when she was decisively beaten by her fellow-American, Miss Shirley Fry, 6-4 and 6-2.

The other finalist is Miss Doris Hart (U.S.) who beat Miss Heverly Baker (U.S.) 6-3, 6-1.

Miss Fry, 23-year-old player who is only ranked eighth in the United States, had already won the French and Egyptian titles this year.

She reached the women's singles final at Wimbledon today for the first time with a superb exhibition of controlled speed and round defence.

It took her only three-quarters of an hour to beat the Champion, who, suffering from severe tennis elbow, was only a shadow of the great player that dominated the Championships in previous years.

Mrs. Hart, who was the most favoured from the start to carry off the title, took only 41 minutes to dispose of her ambidextrous young rival.—Reuter.

United Press adds that in the quarter-finals of the men's doubles, Eric Sturgess and Dr. Dabney beat von Cramm and Ernst Buchholz, 6-3, 6-1, 6-3.

game. His volleys missed fire and his service lacked the customary sting. The Germans began fast with a 3-1 lead. After that they were never a threat. In the final set, Buchholz lost control and repeatedly drove out of into the net.

MIXED DOUBLES

Frank Sedgman (Australia) and Miss Doris Hart (U.S.) entered the final of the mixed doubles by beating Ken McGregor (Australia) and Mrs. Margaret Osborn du Pont (U.S.) 6-2, 4-6, 6-3.

Mervyn Rose and Mrs. Nancy Bolton (Australia) entered the semi-final of the mixed doubles by beating Sven Davidson and Miss Shirley Fry (U.S.) 6-3, 6-7.

Eric Sturgess (South Africa) and Miss Louise Brough (U.S.) entered the semi-final of the mixed doubles by beating Josef Asboth and Mrs. Suzy Kormoczy (Hungary) 6-2, 6-3.—United Press.

YOUR CHOICE WAS AS GOOD AS ANYONE'S

The latest issue of "World Sports" contains the selections of 10 leading tennis professionals and former Wimbledon players for this year's Men's and Women's Singles Champions.

Seven picked Sedgman for the men's title with one vote each going to Larn, Patty and Sturgess. No votes were cast for the two finalists—Dick Savitt and Ken McGregor.

Three picked Miss Doris Hart for the women's title. None picked the other finalist, Miss Shirley Fry.

Among those who failed to pick a winner were Fred Perry, Jack Crawford, Dan Maskell and Dorothy Round.



DORIS HART

Lennart Bergelin and Sven Davidson (Sweden), 1-6, 8-6, 6-3, 6-7, 7-5.

The Eric Sturgess-Jaroslav Drobný combination was too good for 42-year-old Gottfried von Cramm and six-foot four-inch partner Buchholz. Von Cramm was far off his normal

20 Years' Savings Sent Young Australian To Wimbledon

By HAROLD PALMER

By far the most expensive trip to Wimbledon has been made by Mr Bob Reid, a Sydney, New South Wales, watchmaker, who has devoted 20 years' savings, £1,500, to bringing his 18-year-old son, Ron, to compete in the junior event.

The Australian LTA were approached to sponsor the trip, but did not consider the expense justified.

There is not much doubt, however, that this tall, muscular, and will benefit by his experience.

He is a product of the coaching of former Wimbledon star Dinny Pails, who has been having two sessions a week with him.

TOO LATE

Reid's sister, Norma, five years his senior, won the Australian girls' junior title in 1945. She married and gave up serious tennis. "Too much like hard work," was her verdict.

Young Reid did intend to have a go at the senior singles. He was in the qualifying competition, but his boat arrived a day too late for him to take part.

After Wimbledon he will go to the Continent for more tournament experience, and when he gets back to Australia this jeweller's apprentice will do his National Service in the Air Force.

RECORD STANDS

Jaako Mikkola, Harvard coach with the close-cropped grey hair, has a record book in his native Finland that will surely never be broken.

It was about 1913, he says, that he and his friend Seppala, who later became a dentist and died a few years ago, set up a new record for the 100 metres three-legged race. "Mikkola does not remember the time," about 13 seconds, probably more," is his estimate now. "Anyway, the record stood when the event was discontinued as a serious race for adults. Mikkola was very tall and fast," explains Mikkola, who is only 5ft. 4in. "He used to drag the along."

Mikkola looked after the 1920 Olympic team at the 1920 and 1924 Games. He was very versatile, being successful at swimming and high diving, wrestling, skating and skiing as well as athletics. At one time he was Finnish pole vault champion.

He has been with Harvard for 32 years, but now, at 66, is due to retire.

RECORD ATTEMPT—That London Athletic Club Interclub relay meeting three days after the AAA championships—on Tuesday July 17—promises to be most eventful.

Besides the chance of a record 4 x one mile relay there will be record attempts in two women's events specially included in the programme.

1. Here that Miss Valerie Ball, the 21-year-old student from the Royal College of Music, will try to beat Mrs. Nellie Holstead's 10-year-old British record for the quarter-mile of 58.8 sec.

In the women's championships last year she set up a new 400 metres (437½ yds.) record of 57.5 sec., so the record should be within her reach.

Unfortunately the International Federation do not recognise any women's world record for this distance.

The other women's record attempt will be in a sprint relay. Original plan was a 4 x 220 yards relay but as there is no accepted world record for this event it may be changed to 4 x 200 metres, world record for which is held by a Dutch team that included Fanny Blankers Koen and did 1 min. 41 sec. seven years ago. Whatever time is done at the LAC meeting will presumably be put forward for a British record.

(London Express Service.)

"MIGHTY MITE" IN ACTION



Felicissimo Ampon, the "Mighty Mite" from the Philippines, takes a low back-hander in his match against Lennart Bergelin of Sweden at Wimbledon. He beat Richard Gulise (England) with the loss of only one game, and then met Bergelin, won the first two sets against him and lost the next three.

Strong American Athletic Team For Japan

San Francisco, July 5.

Twelve American track and field stars departed for Tokyo today on board a Pan American Airways clipper. They will participate in 12 meets in major Japanese cities before returning to the United States on August 24.

The athletes are: Robert Work of Los Angeles Athletic Club, Walter McKibben of Occidental College, Richard Mallico of New York University, Mal Whitfield of US Air Force, Warren O. Druetzler of Michigan State, Wesley Santee of Kansas University, William B. Dyer of Utah University, Jesse L. Thomas of Michigan State, Raymond T. Kring of San Francisco's Olympic Club, George H. Brown of UCLA, Victor H. Frank of Yale and Floyd Simmons of Santa Barbara College.—Associated Press.

OLYMPIC HOPES

Whitfield is the reigning Olympic Champion in the 800 metres and co-holder with Sydney Wooderson of the world record of 1 minute 49.2 seconds in the 880 yards. He has also done the 400 metres in 46.8 seconds.

Another potential Olympic Champion in the team is George Brown of the University of California at Los Angeles, who has leaped 25 feet 8½ inches this year. Though Andy Stanfield and Meredith Gourdine have best marks of 25.93 and 25.9 this season, Brown is the more consistent jumper over 25 feet.

Warren Druetzler is the National Collegiate Champion in the mile, a surprise winner against a strong field in 4 minutes 8.6 seconds.

The short distance men are Work (100 yards in 9.8 and 220 yards in 21.3), Brown (220 in 21.1), McKibben (220 in 21.0 and 440 in 47.8), and Dick Mallico (440 in 47.5).

Thomas is a hurdler and long jumper (23 feet 11½ inches). Dyer is a 6-foot 7-inch high jumper with best marks of 25.93 and 25.9 this season, Brown is the more consistent jumper over 25 feet.

Frank is a shot putter and vaulting. Frank's shot put record is over 170 feet in the discus). Santee is a distance runner and Simmons a decathlon star who is also a good high hurdler and high jumper.

DECATHLON CHAMPION

Sonia Barbara, July 5.

The Rev. Bob Richards, of the Illinois Athletic Club, won the 1951 American Athletic Union Decathlon Championship yesterday. He amassed 7,834



No reason why you women should hog all the publicity!

FAULKNER LEADS IN THE BRITISH OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Portrush, County Antrim, Northern Ireland, July 5.

Max Faulkner (unattached), British Ryder Cup player, led the field with about 10 players to come in when the second round of the British Open Golf Championship was played today.

Faulkner, who had a 71 yesterday, today returned 70 for an aggregate of 141. His nearest rival was Fred Daly, former British Matchplay Champion, who also had a 70 today for a total of 144.

Bobby Locke, the South African, was one of five players on the 145 mark.

ONLY 26 PUTTS
Faulkner played an exceptionally good round today. His putting was excellent, requiring only 26 putts for the whole round.

Weather conditions, which were good at the start of the day, deteriorated with a slight drizzle during the afternoon.

Norman Von Nida (Australia) and Jimmy Adams, last night's leaders, both had 77's for aggregates of 145.

Von Nida said he felt better today, but it was obvious he was far from fit. At the long fourth, he lay down alongside the green for several minutes, declaring he felt faint.

He continued after taking an energy-making piece of sugar from the little store he carried in his pocket, and fought grimly on through the remainder of the round.

SUTTON SECOND

Late in the day Norman Sutton (Leigh) came in with a 70 for an aggregate of 143 to take second place and H. Westman (Cromham Hurst) had a 71 for a total of 144.

Others on the 145 mark were Peter Thomson (Australia) and John Panton (Scottish Championship).

Forty-six players with scores of 154 and better, qualified for the final 30 holes.

Faulkner led after today's round had been completed with 141. He was followed by Sutton at 143, Daly and Westman at 144, Peter Thomson, Panton, Adams, Von Nida and Locke on 145, and Cerdn and Grappossoni (Italy) at 146.—Reuter.

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

Braves Wrest A Hard Won 11th Inning Victory From The Phillies

New York, July 5.

Sid Gordon's single with the bases loaded enabled the Boston Braves to wrest a hard won 11th inning 7-6 victory from the Philadelphia Phillies in the National League today.

Tribal right-handers Vern Bickford and Johnny Sain were sidelined with injuries. Bickford pulled a muscle and Sain got his hand banged up by a hot grounder.

HKCFA MEETING

Mr Kwok Chan Elected President

Mr Kwok Chan was re-elected President of the Hongkong Chinese Football Association at the annual general meeting held at the Hotel Cecil yesterday. Mr L. Z. Yuan was elected Vice-President.

A proposal that the annual general meeting be held in July each year instead of September was carried unanimously. Mr Kwok Chan, who was in the chair, said that the Association had passed a very successful year, but had suffered a great and irreparable loss in the untimely and tragic death of Mr Aw Hoe. He added that Mr Aw Hoe's death was not only a loss to the Association, but to all sporting organizations in the Colony as well.

Mr Kwok also said that the Association was unfortunate to lose the services of Mr Walter Hanning Chen, who was elected Chairman at the last annual meeting but who was forced to resign because of ill-health. His position was taken over by Mr Leslie Louey.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President, Mr Kwok Chan, Vice-President, Mr L. Z. Yuan, Hon. Presidents, Sir Man-kan Lo and Messrs Aw Boon-haw, Li Min-sik, Chau Chun-nin, Luk Oi-wan, Choy Wai-hung, Chau Sik-nin, Tse Yu-chuen.

Hon. Advisers: Messrs Ngan Shing-kwan, Wong Ka-lun, Kwok Lam-po, Poon Wing-kai, Mok Ying-kwai, Shu Chu-wan, Lai Kai, Li Cho-wing, Chan Wing-pak, Yau Ping-kuen, Wong Wai-to, Lui Sui-tak, Tang Shu-kin, Kwan Yat-ting, Sum, Shing-ling, Che Kiu-nam, Leo Choy-fat, Lam Chung-ho, Aw Swan, and Tang Chok-kuen.

Howie Fox scattered seven hits and Lloyd Herriman and Bill Howell rapped out homers to give the Cincinnati Reds a 4-0 shutout over the Pittsburgh Pirates who played without the services of Ralph Kiner, suspended for three days for arguing with an umpire.

The St. Louis Cardinals posted four Chicago Cubs pitchers for 14 hits as Cliff Chambers breezed through to 10-2 win.

Johnny Klippstein was knocked out of the box in the second inning and was succeeded by Turk Lown, Bob Kelly and Bob Schultz.

SOX DISPLACED

Fred Hutchinson, right-handed Detroit Tiger hurler, whitewashed the Chicago White Sox out of first place in the American league as he held them to five hits and an 8-0 score.

The Sox theoretically have lost their lead to the New York Yankees, but not if the Washington Senators beat the Yankees in a scheduled night game.

The Chicagoans had never been blanked before this season, but they had no chance against Hutchinson who disposed of them in one-two-three order in four different innings.

The Cleveland 4th St. Louis games were postponed because of rain.—Associated Press.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia 8 11 1
Boston 7 12 0
Winning pitcher: Chet Nichols, loser: Jim Konstanty.
Cincinnati 4 7 0
Pittsburgh 0 7 1
Winning pitcher: Howie Fox, loser: Howie Pollett.
St. Louis 10 14 0
Chicago 0 5 1
Winning pitcher: Cliff Chambers, loser: John Klippstein.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago 0 5 1
Detroit 0 9 1
Winning pitcher: Fred Hutchinson, loser: Lou Kretlow.—Associated Press.

LAWN BOWLS TEAMS

The following are Club rinks for League Lawn Bowls fixtures to-morrow:

1st Division v Kowloon Bowling Club at Kowloon Road at 3.30 p.m.—M. I. Razack, K. M. Ramjaha, M. B. Hassan, D. A. Rahman, J. Hooen, A. R. Minu, A. Omar, G. A. K. Minu, I. M. Omar, S. Yusuf, K. M. Omar & V. M. Omar.
2nd Division v Prince of Wales Club at Stanley at 3.30 p.m.—B. O. Bux, A. H. Seem, A. R. Razack & A. Wahab, F. C. yesterday.
3rd Division v Hongkong Electric Recreation Club at Soekungpo at 3.30 p.m.—A. Abbas & A. R. Kitchell, S. Aboos, S. Bueks, S. R. Markar & A. R. Rahman, A. B. Kitchell, J. S. A. Curragem, M. A. Wahab & A. M. Ramjaha.

1st Division v Club de Recreo "W" at King's Park at 3.30 p.m.—A. Stewart, J. Howlett, H. B. Dewar, C. Downman, S. H. Martin, G. Bond, C. Pile, W. R. Hillyer, T. Kavanagh, D. Fitches, G. Perkins, W. J. D. Cameron, Reserves—H. Finney and S. Howarth.

2nd Division v Craigengower Cricket Club at CCC at 3.30 p.m.—P. M. Duffy, T. A. Harding, G. Arliss, J. H. Goodman, T. Pickington, D. J. Roberts, F. C. yesterday.
3rd Division v M. M. Martin, W. Gillies, J. H. Evans, T. J. Hemley, Reserves—A. E. Jones and W. B. Foster.

1st Division v IKCC (home) on Saturday at 4.30 p.m.—A. C. Luz, V. A. Ribeiro, R. O. Hughes, D. A. Atienza, A. M. Quinn, F. Medina, M. Basar, T. Basar, Bill Chang, H. J. Noronha, J. A. Delgado, J. T. Cotton.

OPEN PAIRS RESULTS

The following were the results of Open Pairs Championship matches played at the Hongkong F.C. yesterday:
U. A. Ramjaha and W. Hong Sling beat M. A. Ferreira and P. A. da Costa 22-12; K. M. Ramjaha and M. B. Hassan beat W. B. Brown and B. A. Baker 22-20.

MACARTHUR FOR PRESIDENT?

(Continued from Page 4)

motives sneered at or his record examined by skilled and hostile political pathologists. He will not like it and may decide not to stand it.

What form can the roughness take? First of all, General MacArthur's military record, brilliant as it is, is not free from errors. There were errors of judgment in December 1941, when he became the national hero; there have been errors of judgment since. Then, General MacArthur has always been more of a hero to the civilian than to the military public. He has made many enemies among his own exclusive group of regular officers. If a pool were taken, it is pretty certain that the average West Pointer would prefer General Marshall (who is not West Pointer) to the most brilliant graduate of the Military Academy ever produced, more brilliant in his school record even than Robert E. Lee.

Martyr's Asset

More important, General MacArthur never got from his fighting subordinates the trust and affection that was won by General Eisenhower or General Bradley. It is not easy and is not profitable to discover why, but I think it is a fact. And politically it is a very important fact for the millions of Pacific veterans who served under MacArthur or, in the case of sailors or marines, alongside him; without acquiring any affection for him, may offset a great deal of civilian enthusiasm.

Does this mean that General MacArthur will be of no political importance? Not at all. If the Korean war drags on, his reputation will rise, that of President Truman and General Marshall will fall. A martyr who has been proved right is a wonderful asset for any party, and the Republicans will exploit it to the last note. Even if the war in Korea is brought to a successful close, he will still be exploited, though less easily and less profitably. But MacArthur will not be the alpha American general to enter the White House, which doesn't mean that a general will not enter the White House in 1953.

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SAILINGS TO			
"SHANSHI"	Yokohama, Kobe & Osaka	5 p.m. 6th July	
"HUPH"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 6th July	
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 10th July	
"SOOCHOW"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 11th July	
"PETREL"	Haiphong	10 a.m. 14th July	
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 18th July	
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 18th July	
"YOKOHAMA"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 18th July	
"KWEIYANG"	Singapore & Penang	5 p.m. 22nd July	
"SZECHUEN"	Macassar, Sourabaya, Semarang, Cheribon & Djakarta	5 p.m. 25th July	
"YUNNAN"			
Sails from Canton Wharf			
ARRIVALS FROM			
"FOYANG"	Osaka	6th July	
"SHENKING"	Keelung	7 p.m. 6th July	
"COULIS"	Kobe	a.m. 9th July	
"SOOCHOW"	Haiphong	11 a.m. 9th July	
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	18th July	
"KWEIYANG"	Singapore	19th July	

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SAILINGS TO			
"ANKING"	Sydney & Melbourne	20th July	
"FENGNING"	Kure & Yokohama	25th July	
"TAIYUAN"	Kure, Yokohama, Shimizu & Nagoya	20th July	
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	18th Aug.	
ARRIVALS FROM			
"ANKING"	Japan	18th July	
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Brisbane	22nd July	
"FENGNING"	Melbourne & Manila	23rd July	
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	15th Aug.	

BLUE RUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said			
"OLYMPIUS"	Havre, Rotterdam & London	4 p.m. 6th July	
"PELEUS"	Marcelles, Liverpool & Glasgow	7th July	
"ANCHISES"	Liverpool & Glasgow	15th July	
"CALOCHAS"	Liverpool	23rd July	

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails	Sails	Arrives
Liverpool	Rotterdam	Hong Kong
S. "ARTANAN"	Sailed	7th July
S. "CALOCHAS"	do	11th July
G. "ANCHISES"	do	15th July
G. "PATRICIUS"	do	15th July
S. "ACACERUS"	do	20th July
S. "AENEAS"	do	22nd July
H. "AUTOMEDON"	4th July	8th Aug.
G. "PERSEUS"	17th July	18th Aug.
G. "MYRMEDON"	21st July	23rd Aug.

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.
Unscheduled.

Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"BATAAN"	14th July
"DONA ALICIA"	28th July
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"DONA NATI"	Buoy, A 6th July 6 p.m.
"ANDAMAN"	21st July

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HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Tues. Fri. 8.30 a.m. Wed. Sat.	10 a.m. (on Sat. to Bangkok)
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	1.00 p.m. Wed. 4.10 p.m. Thurs.	
HK/Malacca/S.N. Dornier (DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Wed. 4.45 a.m. Thurs.	
HK/Haiphong	7.00 a.m. Fri. 4.00 p.m. Fri.	

All the above subject to alteration without notice.
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BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878.

BEND LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DATE
"BENCLERICH"	U.K. via Singapore	7th July
"BENARTY"	U.K. via Japan	18th July
"BENVORLICH"	U.K. via Singapore	29th July
"BENMHOR"	do	12th Aug.
"BENALDER"	do	19th Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	do	26th Aug.

SAILINGS Loading on or abt

SHIPS	TO	DATE
"BENCLERICH"	Liverpool, Dublin, Rotterdam, Hull & Newcastle	11th July
"BENARTY"	Liverpool, Amsterdam & Glasgow	17th July
"BENVORLICH"	London, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp	31st July
"BENMHOR"	Havre, Rotterdam & Antwerp	18th Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	Amsterdam, Glasgow & Newcastle	29th Aug.
"BENALDER"	Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg & Antwerp	8th Sept.

Via Singapore, Port Swettenham, Port Sudan, Aden & Port Said.
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NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES
MAERSK LINE
m/v "GERTRUDE MAERSK"
having arrived from New York and Port of call, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.
Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the cargo is consigned.
No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th July, 1951, will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 12th July 1951, at 10 a.m. by our Surveyors Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.
To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.
All claims must reach us before the 6th August, 1951, or they will not be recognised.
No Insurance will be effected.
JEBSEN & CO.
Agents.
Hong Kong, 6th July, 1951.

FOUND
FOUNTAIN PEN in Battery Path. Apply Secretary, South China Morning Post.

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VE OLDE MILL A distinctive hand-made stationary, in boxes, 50 sheets each, 50 envelopes, Post \$10.00, \$2.50 per box, Duko \$11.50 per box from "S. G. M. Post."

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NOTICE

Mr. A. J. de Souza of the Argentine Consulate General in Hong Kong is offering a Solomn High Mass officiated by His Excellency Bishop Chen at the Rosary Hill Church on Sunday the 8th inst. at 9.30 a.m. to celebrate the Independence of Argentina which falls on Monday the 9th inst. Bishop Chen will impart the Episcopal blessing for the long life, prosperity and good health of President Peron and Madame Eva Durate Peron to guide the future of the country and the prosperity of her people. No invitations are being issued but all friends are invited.

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"Seoul City Sue" Expected To Make A Re-appearance

Seoul, July 5.
Seoul City Sue—the Tokyo Rose of this war—may be revived in the cease-fire negotiations between United Nations and Communist military leaders.

Seoul City Sue was the nickname of the American woman who taunted G.I.'s and mouthed blatant propaganda over the Communist radio for the first two months of the Korean war.

She was identified as the former Anna Wallace, of Oklahoma City, now the wife of Suh Kyu-chul, a Korean mission worker turned Communist.

She was identified as the former Anna Wallace, of Oklahoma City, now the wife of Suh Kyu-chul, a Korean mission worker turned Communist. The tall slender blonde was said to have been attractive in her youth.

Anna drifted into Korean society and married Suh, an employee of the mission where she worked. Korean friends of the couple said it was the woman who led them to the Communist camp. Four years ago she lived in squalid Korean quarters in Seoul before moving north with the retreating North Koreans last Autumn.

Since her hasty flight, she has not taken an active part in broadcasting Red propaganda, but sources here said she was still active behind the scenes of the North Korean propaganda organization.—United Press.

Anna Wallace came to Korea years ago as a mission worker.

NOTICE
S.S. "TANTALUS" from Singapore arrived 25th July, 1948.

One HILLMAN Minx Estate Car Engine No. 18656-22RUO R. H. D. Colour Grey—Old Licence No. SC 1679.

Full set original Bill of Lading for the above cargo has reported lost and notice is hereby given that the said Bill of Lading is declared null and void.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Hong Kong, 4th July, 1951.

TURK ENGINEERS IN U.S.
New York, July 5.
Fourteen engineers and technicians from Turkey arrived at Cornell University this week to begin a six-month study of American industrial methods. They hold industrial positions in Turkey in textile, paper and pulp, steel, coke and cement industries.

Their schedule calls for visits in September to industries throughout the United States in October and November each man will be placed in a plant for on-the-job observation and training in special fields. The studies include two months of classroom and laboratory work at Cornell.—United Press.

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S.S. "CANTHAGE"	19th July	24th August
S.S. "CORFU"	23rd August	24th September

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Homewards	Leaves Hong Kong	Due London
S.S. "CORFU"	6th July	7th August
S.S. "CANTON"	2nd August	1st September
S.S. "CANTHAGE"	31st August	1st October
S.S. "CORFU"	28th September	24th October

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S.S. "SINGAPORE"	24th July	London & Continent

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S.S. "ORNA"	sails 14th July	for Japan.
S.S. "ORNA"	due 10th July	from Japan for Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf.
S.S. "ORNA"	sails 18th July	—

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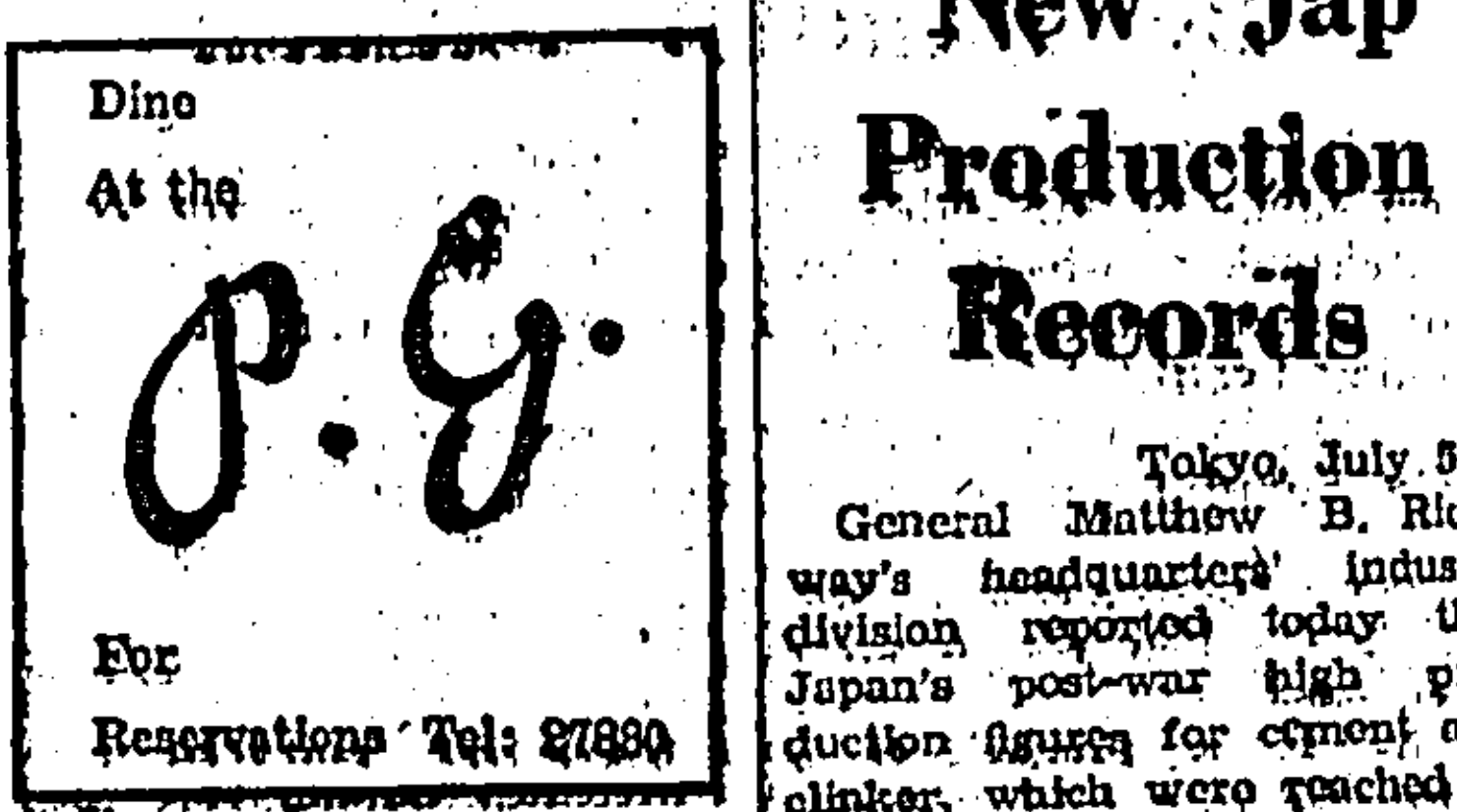
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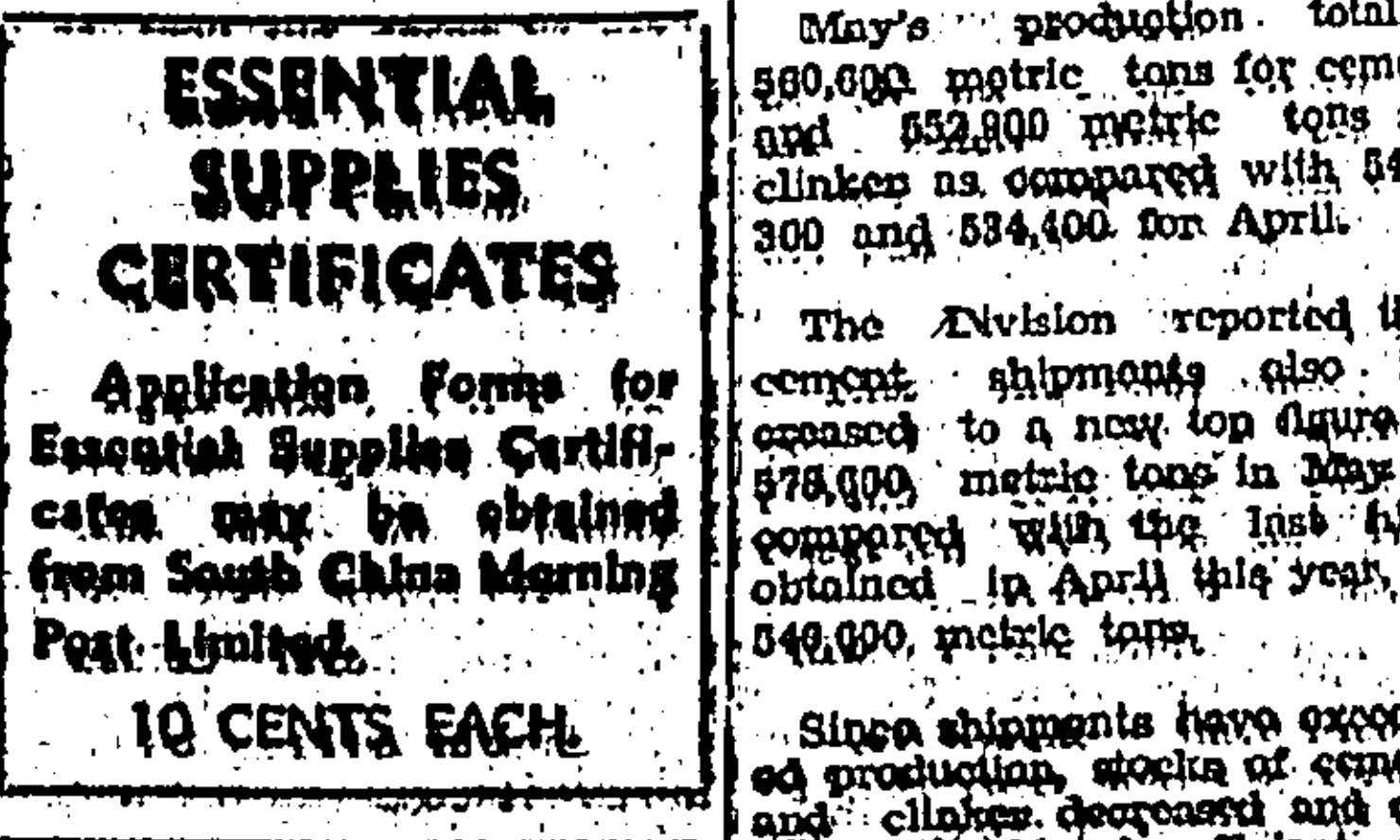
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Dr Newton shook hands with those present, who wished him God-speed and a pleasant voyage. As Dr Newton set out across the harbour by Medical Department launch, strings of firecrackers were set off.

The two accused were alleged to have gained admission, under the pretence of seeking medical attention, into Dr Fung's residence on February 20 for the purpose of carrying out a robbery, in the course of which the doctor struggled with one of the men, alleged to be the first accused, who held a gun, and was shot and fatally wounded in the head.

Let your better gown be correctly styled with advance fashions by top New York artists, whose brilliant originals are weekly sold delivered by PAA for exclusive display at Mode Elite, nationwide known for exclusive better imported originals NEVER reproduced at any cost. Hundreds of top New York couturiers' trust Mode Elite with the sale of their better originals because Mode Elite NEVER sells copies. Our last air collection of brilliant new party gowns, dating casuals, bridal gowns and accessories, special new autumn pumps with aristocratic matching purses, arrived here by air on 3rd instant. Come in . . . see them.



Just unpacked a marvelous new collection of beautiful Gage Summer Military for party and casual wear. Nowhere else in town could you find such a great variety of better summer hats for milady. Our prices are much lower than they're retailed in New York where all women of elegance always go placidly with the hat--we're fighting hard for 10 days. Thus, a Gage hat sold in Chicago for \$15 U.S. can be had at Mode Elite only \$75. . . we add no overhead charges to revive the hat-wearing habit.

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The famous WILLY nylon hosiery is solely distributed by Mode Elite for exclusiveness in superb designs and wearing quality. It's the new excitement in fashion...to glamorize your legs and dramatize your costumes. This is the very hosiery preferred by Hollywood leading artists and sophisticated gentlemen and misses in New York City. MODE ELITE has a comprehensive line for you to choose.

Commonplace bras and girdles can be found everywhere, but if you are looking for very big bras and as effective girdles that could sustain laundry and service worn by most of sophisticated women in New York City, it pays you to secure "PETERPAN HIDDEN TREASURE BRAS" "VARIED GIRDLES" by "LILY OF FRANCE" "FLEXEY", "BIEN JOLIE", etc. exclusively featured by Model Elite, which features all the most important foundation garments ever known among the better-dressed women.

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KAYAMALLY BUILDING.**

However, making sure that the Reds would gain no military advantage by a lull in the fighting, Allied warplanes were doing business as usual around the clock. B-29s dropped approximately 200 lb. bursting 500-pound fragmentation bombs on Communist frontline positions on the eastern front during the night of Thursday-Friday.

The United Press correspondent Robert Miller reported from the Eighth Army Headquarters "that from all the front came the same reports today, 'relatively quiet with only scattered enemy

patrolling was carried out by either side. In some actions the Reds withdrew and in other the Allies pulled back as the cautious firing continued along the front.

The Kumhwa battle and Allied patrol received mortar fire while reconnoitering an area and in the ensuing fire fight killed eight Reds.

In a similar action northeast of Kumhwa another Red was killed by a UN patrol.

In the western sector only two "minor" contacts were reported both in the vicinity of the Kumsong River and at Kumsong.

American Girl Guides, Sandy Zillg, 22, (left), of Wisconsin, and Jean Ann Sullivan, 20, of Fulton, New York, arrived in London in the America boat train recently. They stayed two days before going to a Guides' camp in Denmark.—London Express Service.

According to a Chinese Press report, the Communist authorities in Canton have prohibited the display of foreign-language signboards by local firms saying that it is a sign of cultural aggression.

The report stated that Chinese signboards written by well-known Nationalist calligraphists were also ordered to be removed.

In order to strengthen the defences of Hainan Island the Communists have constructed several airfields and naval bases there during recent months, according to a Chinese Press report.

H.E. the Governor has proclaimed and fixed today, July 6, 1951, as the date from which the new Hong-kong cupro-nickel 50-cent piece shall be legal tender for an amount not exceeding \$2, the Gazette Supplement announced this morning.

Several shrines around Canton are being requisitioned by the Communists as temporary hospitals for

Mr. A. G. Parker, Senior Marine Officer, prosecuting, told the Court that the Myonia was inspected upon her arrival by the duty officer, who informed the Surveyor that the ship had been loaded to the impression that the ship was overloaded. An examination of the vessel was carried out and it was found that the freeboard of the load-line allowed was 6' 8". The actual freeboard of the vessel was 3' 4". The specific gravity was 1.018, giving an allowance of 2" for fresh water at that draft thereby overloading the vessel by 2%.

Mr. Parker continued that the Myonia carried a full load of diesel and fuel oil for 10 days passage and 10 days food passage. At the time of the examination, the sea was smooth and the vessel in an upright position.

When we say "let's see how things pan out," we are using a phrase from the days of the Gold Rush.

Old-time prospectors used to sift possible gold-bearing gravel in a pan under running water. The earth was washed away, leaving the heavier gold in the bottom of the pan. The saying is now used generally to mean waiting to see what good comes out of events.

An "umbrella" pick-pocket was caught red-handed in Chater Road near Ice House Street yesterday while picking the pocket of Mr D. Smith of Cathay Pacific Airways of a fountain pen.

Registered articles and parcel mails close one hour earlier than the ordinary mail times shown below:

H.K.T.
 6. Programme Summary. 6.03
 Children's Half Hour. The Story of
 Rains and the Rain. (Studio); 6.15
 with Music by Max Saunders. Part 1:
 The Wedding of Alan-A Dale. (Studio);
 6.20. The Story of the Rain. (Studio);
 6.25. Given by Miss Lee-Walton and S.
 K. Lee (Studio); 6.30. Organ Inter-
 mediate. (Studio); 6.35. The Story of
 with Percy Faith and His Orchestra
 7.30. No. 3 in the Series. Presented
 by British Council. (Studio)
 7.40. World News. (Studio)
 (London Relay); 8.15. A Racial or
 Ballade by Dennis Noble. (Baritone)
 8.20. The Story of the Rain. (Studio)
 Ray. Kitty Buttett and Fred Young
 (BBCRS); 8.30. Weather Report
 (Studio); 8.40. The Story of the Rain
 (Relay); 8.51. An Appeal for the
 S.P.C.C. by Sir Gerard Howarth
 (Studio); 9.00. The Story of the Rain
 Cruelty to Children). (Studio); 9.15
 "Music Lovers Hour" (Classical Re-
 lation); 9.20. The Story of the Rain
 (Studio); 10.15. Match England v
 Match England v South Africa
 (Studio); 10.30. The First
 Lighters. A Play about the First
 Carlieve by Laurence Housman
 (BBCRS); 11. Radio Newsworld (Lon-
 don Relay); 11.15. The Story of the
 Save the King; 11.30. Close down.

In May 4,799 births were registered in the Colony. of which 4,760 were Chinese and 39 non-Chinese. During the month there were 1,656 deaths registered of which 1,639 were Chinese and the remainder non-Chinese.

Let S-B (the hypotenuse of the triangle) = m miles. B-H C. = n miles. Then, since car and cyclist meet at H C.

$$n = \frac{S(p+m)}{p}$$

whence, since $p^2 = m^2 + n^2$,
 $21p = 89m$

So p.m.s are in the ratio 29:41:80.

Fuddling next meets Dynamite half a mile south of Brickfields.
 London Express Service.

H. E. the Governor has appointed the Hon. M. W. Lo provisionally and subject to His Majesty's pleasure, to be an Unofficial Member of the Executive Council during the absence from the Colony of Hon. Sir Man-kam Lo, the Gazette announced this morning.

1. Mercury. 2. Warren Austin. 3. He was 800 years old. 4. France. 5. Mount Whitney, California, 14,501 Feet. 6. A hinny is the offspring of a male horse and a female ass while a mule is the offspring of a male ass and a female horse.

Fines of \$200 and \$100 were respectively, imposed on Chan Yau, master of junk T1575H and Ng Yung-kan, master of junk T393H, by Mr T. B. Lowe at the Marine Court this morning for carrying excess passengers.

Both defendants were intercepted in Sulphur Channel on June 23 while en route to Hongkong from Lamma Island. The first defendant, who had a previous conviction for a similar offence, was carrying 18 passengers, instead of 13, while the second defendant was carrying five, instead of three people.

Defendants pleaded that they were bringing relatives to Hongkong for medical care.

Three junk masters were fined \$250 each by Mr Winter at Kowloon this morning for cruelty to animals.

The three junks were intercepted by Police off the Southern fairway, Green Island, yesterday afternoon and on board were several hundred

H.E. the Governor has been pleased to recognise, provisionally and pending instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr R.E. Farrell as Honorary Vice-Consul for Spain at Hongkong, the Gazette announced this morning.

There were 01 industrial accidents reported during May. In these 02 persons were injured. Falls claimed 10, contact with machinery and falling objects 12 each.

The following Government appointments were announced in the Gazette this morning:
Dr Yeo Kok-cheang to act as Director of Medical and Health

Further notice: Mr D. R. Holmes to act as Social Welfare Officer and concurrently to be an Assistant to the Secretary for the Affairs, with effect from July 6 during the absence of Mr J. C. McDouall (Mr Holmes has ceased to be Chief Assistant to the S.C.A. with the same date); Mr C. Attwell to be Temporary Senior Inspector of Schools, Education Department; Mr J. W. Davis to be as Principal, Education Department, during the absence of Mr G. F. Rice; and Messrs Leung Tung-chun, and Tang Tung-hoi to be Chief Inspectors, Inland Revenue Department.

It was also notified that Mr K. J. Attwell and Dr S. G. Davis have ceased to act as Principals, Education Department.

Ng Sze-cheung, 55, described as a writer residing at 119 Calne Road, ground floor, was cautioned and discharged by Mr. Latimer at Central this morning on a charge of possession of an opium pipe at his house, which was visited by the Police yesterday.

Leslie Castro, 30, was fined \$120 by Mr Winter at Kowloon this morning for driving a private car without a licence and driving the car in an enclosed road.

It was announced in the Gazette this morning that Lieutenant de S. Robertson has been promoted to Major in Force Headquarters of the Royal Hongkong Defence Force. At the same time the resignation of Major W.J.D. Cooper from the Hongkong Regiment was notified.